THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy Tuesday, cooler in interior at night; Wednesday, cloudy.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

IT WOULD "COST LESS"

To keep your store open but three days a week—but it wouldn't pay so well. This same argument applies to "spasmodic" advertising.

VOL. XCIV—NO. 161. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 8, 1914 WHOLE NUMBER 13,752

GENERAL ENGAGEMENT ALONG 120-MILE LINE EASTWARD FROM FRENCH CAPITAL

Official Announcement From Paris Says the Germans Were Retreating Last Night After Vigorous Action With the Troops of the Allies—Kaiser's Forces Fighting With Their Backs on City of Paris.

GERMAN IMPERIAL GUARD IS ANNIHILATED?

British Official Bureau Says Plans of French Commander in Chief, General Joffre, Are Being Steadily Carried Out, and That the Allies Have Succeeded in Forcing Back the German Troops Opposed to Them.

Paris, September 7.—Via London—It was officially announced tonight that the Germans are retreating from the line of Nanteuil-le-Hardouin to Verdun, after a vigorous action with French and British troops.

An earlier official statement given out in Paris today said that a general action had started on the line from Nanteuil-le-Hardouin to Verdun, a distance of 120 miles. It was then said, thanks to the vigorous action of the French troops, supported by the British, the Germans had "started retiring." Unofficial advices from Berlin also have indicated that a battle of tremendous importance was being fought in the territory described.

ARMIES IN FRANCE GRAPPLING.

British Encouraged That German Steam Roller Has Struck "Snag."

London, September 7. — Once more the Germans and the allied French and British armies have grappled in the great battle which has been fought with only two brief intermissions since August 23rd. The tide has turned for a time at least, and, according to an official bulletin from Paris, the Germans on Sunday evening were compelled to retreat.

The battle line stretched in a rough crescent east of Paris from Nanteuil-le-Hadouin to Verdun. The front was more than 100 miles long, with the French on the outer edge of the crescent and the Germans occupying the interior line. It was a general action, and the British troops were in the battle with the French.

Brief and indefinite though the announcement was, it has kindled high hopes in Great Britain that the German steam roller has struck an impassable barrier.

AS SEEN FROM PARIS.

Summary of the Situation in Battlefield Yesterday.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The following official communication was issued here today:

"First. The allies have advanced their left wing without energetic opposition from the enemy.

"Second. The situation is unchanged on our center in the region of Verdun, our forces alternately advancing and retiring. There have been some partial successes on our right in the Vosges.

"Third. The advancing troops and allies defending Paris have had several combats on the Ourcq river with the results in favor of the allies.

"Fourth. The minister of war has telegraphed the governor of Maubeuge expressing the government's admiration for the heroic defense, and saying:

"'You stop at nothing to prolong resistance until the hour of your approaching deliverance, which I hope will be soon.'

"The commander-in-chief has placed the name of governor of Maubeuge in the order of the day for his splendid defense."

IMPERIAL GUARD ANNIHILATED.

Forces of the Allies Victorious in Battle North of Paris.

London, Sept. 7.—A Boulogne dispatch to the Evening News says a telegram has been received from General Pau announcing a victory by the allied forces at Precy-Sur-Oise. The Imperial guard, under Crown Prince Frederick William, is reported to have been annihilated by the British force which opposed them.

The Evening News dispatch says:

"A telegram has been received from General Pau announcing a victory by the allied forces under Field Marshal Sir John French, commanding the British, and General D'Ammade, at Precy-Sur-Oise, about twenty-five miles north of Paris.

"The allies were drawn across the Northern line with the center at Precy. The English troops were on the left an dthe French on the right. The former had in front of them the imperial guard, under Crown Prince Frederick William.

"On both wings, it is reported, the allies were successful. The German left was held by the French and retired to the North.

"The imperial guard, who were ordered to surrender, were ahnihilated by the British. It is reported that the Crown Prince was in their midst."

The British official bureau has received no confirmation of this message.

Germans' Backs on Paris.

Paris, Sept. 7.—In the fighting which is going on today to the east and northeast of Paris, the German forces have their backs toward the capital. French troops are harassing their march. From time to time the Germans turn and engage the French at their back. French shells fall continually in the German rear.

Advance Detachments Encountered.

Paris, Sept. 7.—Judging from reports made public here, German troops covering the flanks of the main German army encountered advance detachments of the allies in the fighting east of the capital today at a point near LaFerte-Gaucher and were obliged to retire.

Nearly a Million Troops Engaged.

Paris, Sept. 7.—It is estimated unofficially that nearly 1,000,000 troops are engaged in the fighting which is proceeding to the east of Paris today.

French Official Statement.

Paris, Sept. 7.—A general action is proceeding today to the east of Paris, from Nanteuille—Haudouin to Verdun, according to an official communication given out this afternoon.

The text of the official notice is as follows:

"A general action has started on the line through Nanteuil-Le-Hardouin, Meaux, Sezanne and Vitry-Le-Francoise and extending to Verdun.

"Thanks to the vigorous action of our troops, strongly supported by the British, the Germans started retiring.

"The Germans had advanced Saturday and Sunday into the region between Coulommiers and LaFerte-Gaucher.

"I nthe Austro-Russian theatre of operations, twelve divisions of the Austrian army in the vicinity of Lemberg, Galicia, have been completely destroyed."

WASHINGTON MUCH INTERESTED.

Meaux Is Where German Headquarters Were Established 44 Years Ago.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Officials here displayed much interest tonight in the reports of the general engagement in France, along an extended battle front. The feeling was general that a decisive battle was in progress, but official dispatches contained no news of the hostilities.

Military observers noted tonight that Meaux, the place east of Paris, where the general engagament began today, is where the German headquarters were established on September 16th, 1870, and the orders issued for the investment of Paris.

These orders directed the German army of the Meuse to invest the capital in a wide half circle from the Marne, above Paris, to the Seine below it, while the third army was ordered to form a similar half circle on the bank of both rivers.

The orders also specified that in case of any attempt to relieve the capital, the army was to allow the relieving forces to approach within a short distance, and then, leaving the investment to maintained by weak details, to strike the enemy with its main body.

It is regarded as a coincidence that the second attempt at investment begins at the same place, and almost on the same day of the year as the first investment, but under entirely different conditions.

The previous German advance to Meaux came after Emperor Napoleon III had surrendered at Sedan and the Germans had swept the field up to Paris, whereas they are at Meaux today wit hthe allied forces still intact and fighting desperately.

THE WAR SITUATION THIS MORNING.

Apart from the announcement that the German forces have fallen back before the offensive tactics of the allies, on the line from Nanteuil-le-Hardouin to Verdun, the most interesting report is contained in a dispatch to the London Evening News from Boulogne, in which the French commander, General Pau, is given as authority for the statement that the allies have won a victory at Precy-Sur-Oise, in which the Imperial guard, under the Crown Prince of Germany, is alleged to have been annihilated by a British force.

The British official bureau says that the plans of the French commander in chief, General Joffre, are being carried out steadily and that the allies have succeeded in forcing back in a northeastern direction the German forces opposed to them.

Paris officially reports that the allies have advanced their left wing without energetic opposition by the Germans, and that several engagements on the Ourcq river have favored the French-British.

The casualty list as a result of the blowing up of the British cruiser Pathfinder by a mine in the North Sea comprises four men killed, thirteen wounded and 242 missing.

The Russian army operating in Galicia is reported still to be driving back the Austrians.

GERMAN PROCLAMATION TO HOSTILE TOWNS OCCUPIED

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

Berling, Aug. 26.—The commander of the German troops are issuing a proclamation to the inhabitants of every hostile town they occupy as follows:

"Citizens: A body of the German army under my command has occupied your city. Inasmuch as the war is carried on only between the armies, I guarantee in due form the life and private property of all the inhabitants under the following conditions:

"1. The inhabitants must strictly avoid every hostile act against the German troops.

"2. Food and forage for our men and horses are to be furnished by the inhabitants. Every such delivery will be paid for at once in coin, or a receipt will be issued, to be redeemed after the termination of the war.

"3. The inhabitants are to house our soldiers and horses in the best manner, and to keep their houses lighted at night.

"4. The inhabitants are to put the roads in a passable condition, to remove all obstacles erected by the enemy and to give the best support to our troops in order that they may be able to fulfill their task, doubly difficult in a hostile land.

"5. It is forbidden to collect in crowds on the streets, to ring the bells or to communicate with the enemy in any way whatever.

"6. All weapons in possession of the inhabitants are to be handed over at the town hall within two hours.

"7. The mayor, the clergymen and four well reputed citizens are to appear before me at once to act as hostages during the stay of the troops. Under these conditions—I repeat it—the lives and private property of the inhabitants are perfectly secure.

"The strict discipline to which our soldiers are accustomed renders it possible that no inhabitant will be compelled to neglect his business affairs, or to desert his home and hearth. On the other hand, I shall adopt the most stringent measures as soon as the above conditions are not observed. In this respect I shall hold the hostages in the first instance responsible. Besides this every citizen will be shot who is found with a weapon in his hands or committing any act whatever hostile to our troops.

"Finally, the entire city is responsible for the deeds of every individual citizen and the citizens will do well to keep mutual oversight over each other in order that they may avoid the unpleasant consequences that must follow upon any co-operation with the enemy."

As a consequence of non-observance of such proclamations a number of villages in French frontier have been burned and the inhabitants severely punished.

ON GERMANS' FLANK.

Position of Allied Forces As Seen From London.

London, Sept. 7.—The news contained in the French official communication that the Germans had fallen back before the vigorous advance of the allied troops on the line from Nanteuil-Le-Haudouin to Verdun indicates that the Anglo-French forces have got on the flank of the German right wing, which passed by Paris north and was marching eastward to join with the Crown Prince's army coming south.

It has been suggested by military experts that General Von Kluck says the movement to the south was taken as a matter of precaution before the movement of the allies from the coast. It is possible this new army which has reached Nanteuil-Le-Haudouin, thus getting on General VonKluck's flank. The engagement took place Sunday and that evening the Germans began their retirement.

EXODUS FROM PARIS.

Transportation of 25,000 People From the Suburbs Commenced.

London, Sept. 7.—A Dieppe dispatch to the Evening Star says that the transportation of 25,000 people from the suburbs of Paris to the south and southeast commenced Sunday. These people were ordered to leave their homes by the military authorities so that the houses could be destroyed, leaving a clear range for the guns of the forts.

The residents of Neuilly and Boulogne-Sur-Seine, as well as the vast populations on th eother sides of the city were taken away on government trains. These people had hardly left their houses, before refugees from the nort harrived and occupied them. These, too, will be taken south.

CHASED BY BRITISH DREADNAUGHT

German Cruiser Nurnberg in Bad Plight in Pacific.

Honolulu, September 7.—The Watson Navigation Company's steamer Wilhelmina reported on arrival here that she picked up a wireless message from the British dreadnaught Australia, then in Hawaiian waters, saying she was in full chase of the German cruiser Nurnburg, which left here September 1st.

The Nurnburg is a small cruiser of only 3,450 tons, and if overhauled would have little chance with even an armored cruiser. Her main battery consists of ten 4.1 inch rifles.

It is believed here that the Australian cable to British Columbia was cut by the Nurnberg.

The interruption to the cable is between Bamfield, British Columbia, cable station, and Fanning island. No particulars are obtainable.

WAS WITHIN HER RIGHTS.

Britain Safe When She Detained Reservists from American Steamer.

San Francisco, Sept. 7.—Great Britain acted within her rights as defined by the State Department when she detained forty German reservists, taken at Hong Kong from the American steamship Manchuria, of the Pacific Mail fleet.

This was made clear in the detailed report brought by officers and passengers of the Pacific Mail liner China, which arrived here today from Hong Kong, Yokohama and Honolulu. The previous statement that twenty Austrian reservists were held at the same time was declared untrue. War between Great Britain and Austria had not at the time been declared.

The port authorities boarded the Manchuria within the three-mile limit. Previous dispatches had not made it clear whether she had been searched within the treaty limits of a British port or on the high seas.

Ludwig Reichert, a merchant in the Philippines, who is an Austrian reservist, was on board the China. He said two battered vessels which were reported to have put into Hong Kong several weeks ago, were the British cruisers Lancashire and Hampshire, which had been in battle with the German cruisers Gneisenau and Schanhorst, in the South China Sea. His information came from the Austrian consul in Shanghai.

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MERELY A "VULGAR TRAP" FOR AMERICA

To Get United States in Fray on Side of Allies.

THIS THE TURKISH VIEW

Ambassador Interprets Britain's Intimation That She Would Welcome American Action to Protect Christians from Death.

Washington, September 7.—Charging that the intimation by Great Britain to the United States that she would welcome the presence of warships in Turkish waters to protect Christians was merely a "vulgar trap" to get the United States mixed in the European fray on the allies' side, A. Rustem Bey, Turkish ambassador here, today issued the following statement:

"According to today's paper Great Britain, following in the footsteps of France, has agitated before the eyes of the United States the spectre of a massacre of Christians in Turkey and has made this gruesome picture of the immediate future, drawn with absolute disregard to truth, a pretext for requesting the United States to dispatch warships to Turkish ports. That there have been massacres in Turkey I cannot, unfortunately, deny, but the Armenians and Maronites, who were the victims, suffered at the hands of the Moslems not as Christians, but as political agitators engaged in undermining the Ottoman state, the while flaunting in the face of the government and dominant race the support of Russia, France and England.

Cites Some History.

"Under the same provocation what would Russia have done who has given the world the spectacle of not one but 20 pogroms against an innocent race; what France, who smoked to death in caverns the Algerians fighting for the independence of their land who later on rejoiced in that grand prodiction the commune, what England, whose punishment of the 'rebels' in the Indian mutiny was to blow them off the guns?

"And since a large number of American papers are siding with Great Britain and France in this affair, I shall permit myself to say that the thought of the lynchings which occur daily in the United States and the memory of the 'water cures' in the Philippines should make them chary of attacking Turkey in connection with acts of savagery committed by her under provocation compared with which the economic competition of an Italian or the sniping of a Filipino or even the outrage of a negro are as nothing.

"Supposing for the sake of argument, what in reality never could happen, that the negroes were discovered to be engaged in a conspiracy with the Japanese to facilitate the invasion of the United States by the latter, how many of them would be left alive to tell the tale?

"Great Britain and France have embarked upon a new campaign of provocation against Turkey, secretly hoping that as a result of it something untoward may happen in that country to confirm their sinister predictions, so that the United States finally would be prevailed upon to detach warships to the Levant and thus get mixed in the European fray on the allies' side, but I believe the administration too sagacious to fall into such a vulgar trap.

What Would be Effect?

"Besides, why should the United States, not one of whose citizens has ever suffered in Turkey, send warships in the waters of that country, with the result that it would only cause irrita-

(Continued on Page Two.)

WIRELESS REPORT FROM BERLIN IS A MYSTERY

Diplomats in Washington Unable to Explain.

Says British Cruiser Warrior Stranded Probably As Result of Fight With the Goeben Escaping From Bosphorus.

Washington, September 7.—The stranding of the British cruiser Warrior reported today to the German embassy in a wireless message from Berlin tonight remained a mystery. The message read:

"British cruiser Warrior stranded probably as a result of fight with cruiser Goeben while escaping from the Bosphorus."

The Goeben is a German vessel which, with the Breslau, escaped from British pursuers at the time the war began and sought refuge in the Dardanelles. Later the ships were said to have been sold to the Turkish government.

Diplomats were at a loss to explain the Berlin message. They believed it impossible that the Warrior could have been attempting to escape from the Bosphorus, as Turkey has mined the straits and the ships would not have entered. Had the Goeben been allowed to go out and engage the Warrior, it was said, it would be a direct violation of neutrality by the Turkish government if the ship still flies the German flag and virtually a declaration of war on the allies. If the Goeben is under the Turkish flag, it would have been an act of war.

No indication that Turkey had de-

(Continued on Page Two.)

ANOTHER BELGIAN TOWN DESTROYED

Germans Shoot Hundreds of Male Inhabitants.

WOMEN VIEW KILLING

Germans Allege That Civilians Fired Upon Them From the Heights. Some Atrocities Alleged by the Belgians.

London, Sept. 8.—An Ostend dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company says: "The Germans have destroyed the Belgian town of Dinant (15 miles south of Namur), after shooting hundreds of the male inhabitants because it was alleged shots had been fired from the heights overlooking the city.

"The Germans in a few hours by shell fire and incendiarism destroyed Dinant on the Meuse. Hundreds of male inhabitants were shot, including one party of 100 prominent citizens who were executed together in the Place D'Armes.

"The Germans alleged that the civilians had fired shots into Dinant from the heights. While the shooting and burning were going on the women residents of the city were confined in the convents.

"Among those shot were M. Hummers, the wealthy manager of a large weaving factory, and M. Ponceiot, son of a former senator. The latter was killed in the presence of his wife and children. Germans appeared at a branch of the national Bank where they demanded the cash in the safe. Manager Wasseize refused to hand it over, whereupon he, together with his two sons, was shot.

"There is no evidence, so far as is known that the alleged shooting from the heights resulted in the killing of any Germans.

Old Town of 8,000 Population.

Dinant, which had a population of about 8,000, dated back to the sixth century. The town was picturesque situated beneath limestone cliffs near the river Meuse. The cliffs were surmounted by the walls of an old fortress much decayed through neglect.

Dinant frequently has been the scene of warfare. In 1466 Duke Philip the Good besieged the town with 30,000 men and when it was surrounded permitted his men to pillage it for three days and then set it on fire. Bound in twos, 800 of the inhabitants were drowned in the Meuse, while Philip, although ill, witnessed the executions from the litter on which he was carried to the river bank. Afterwards even the walls of the buildings were leveled so not a vestige of the town should remain.

The town was rebuilt by Charles the Bold, Philip's son, but it again was sacked and burned in 1554 by the French.

The principal building of historical interest was the church of Notre Dame, built in the 13th century. The town was the center of manufactories of metallic wares, glass, paper and leather.

TEXAS LEGISLATURE HAS PASSED EMERGENCY BILL.

To Provide for Cotton Warehouses Under State Supervision.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 7.—The Texas Senate tonight passed the emergency cotton warehouse bill providing for state supervision over cotton warehouses. The bill, already passed by the House, will be returned to that body for concurrence in minor amendments made in the Senate.

The measure is intended to relieve the marketing situation caused by the war in Europe, state control of the warehouses making receipts for cotton stored more readily negotiable.

THOUSANDS LEFT IN AMERICA TO SUFFER

Unless Some Means of Relief is Soon Found.

Families of Reservists Called Back to War in Europe Feeling Pinch of Poverty—New Problem for Nation and States.

Washington, Sept. 7.—With the pinch of poverty tightening among families left in the United States by thousands of European reservists, government officials today found themselves without means of offering aid. The relief problem would have to be handled, it was declared, by State and local governments, through public subscription and by such help as the warring governments could extend.

Unofficial reports indicated relief soon would be required. Hundreds already are dependent upon public support in New York. In the coal regions of Pennsylvania, where thousands of alien miners quit work and hurried to their regiments, the poor houses are said to be filled beyond their capacity. In other centers, where aliens have established homes, the situation is the same.

None of the dependents of the aliens who went back to Europe to fight can be deported under the law defining "public charges" because their plight results from causes that occurred after they lande din the United States.

The government is exercising leniency even among undesirables now

(Continued on Page Two.)

WILSON SEEKS TO END COAL STRIKE

Issues an Appeal to Employers and Employees.

PLAN IS SUGGESTED

Colorado Warriors Are Asked to Adopt "Tentative Basis of Adjustment" Drawn Up by President's Commission.

Washington, Sept. 7.—President Wilson sought to end the Colorado coal strike today by appealing to employers and employes to adopt a "tentative basis for the adjustment of the strike," drawn up by the commission of conciliation appointed by Secretary Wilson of the Labor Department.

The appeal was sent to the president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, the chairman of the Victor American Fuel Company; the president of the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company, and to the officers of the United Mine Workers of America. It was forwarded after the President had held several conferences with Secretary Wilson.

The basis of agreement offered by the President includes the establishment of a three years' truce subject to the enforcement of mining and labor laws of Colorado. The return to work of miners who have not been convicted of law violations; the prohibition of intimidation of union or non-union men; the publication of the current scale of wages and rules and the appointment of a grievance committee by the employes.

The agreement provides that in cases where the officers of the company or the grievance committees cannot settle difficulties, a commission of three men named by the President shall step in and act as the final referee of all disputes.

Under the agreement the claims for contractual relations would be waived, no mine guards would be employed, the Federal troops now on duty in the strike district would be withdrawn, picketing, parading, colonizing or mass-campaigning by the miners would be stopped, and the suspension of work will be prohibited pending a decision by the commission. The expense of the commission would be divided between the employes and employers.

The President's Letter.

The President's letter follows:

"I feel justified in addressing you with regard to the present strike situation in Colorado because it has lasted so long, has gone through so many serious stages, and is fraught with so many possibilities that it has become of national importance.

"As you know Federal troops have been in the state for the purpose of maintaining order now for a long time. I have been hoping every day during that time that some light would come out of the perplexities of the situation, some indications that the mine employes and mine employers are willing to consider proposals of accommodation and settlement but no such indication has reached me and I am now obliged to determine whether I am justified in using the army of the United States indefinitely for police purposes.

"Many things may come out of this situation, if it is not handled with public spirit and with a sincere desire to safeguard the public as well as all others concerned; perhaps the most serious of them all the feeling which is being generated and the impression of the public that no one is willing to act, no one willing to yield anything, no one willing even to consider terms of accommodation.

"As you know, two representatives of the government of the United States

(Continued on Page Two)

ROOSEVELT IS AFTER THE CANE SUGAR VOTE

Begins Brief Campaign in Louisiana Last Night.

In Address in New Orleans He Decries the "Backward and Reactionary" Policy of the Administration as to Tariff Question.

New Orleans, Sept. 7. — Theodore Roosevelt, in a speech at the French opera house tonight, decried the "backward and reactionary" policy of the government in handling the tariff question, particularly as it affected Louisinna sugar interests; reiterated his charges that paying $25,000,000 to Colombia as a result of the deal whereby the United States obtained the Panama canal zone would be blackmail, and left late tonight for a one-day campaign in the Third Louisiana Congressional district.

The Third comprises the largest sugar-growing section of the State. Admission to the opera house was gained only by cards which had been issued by the local Progressive committee.

Some time before the former President began his address the place was filled and the doors were closed.

In the afternoon at a Labor Day picnic he emphasized that labor unions in principle were all right and if led by the right sort of men worked toward a good end.

"There are little crooks as well as big crooks, and the Progressive party is after all of them," he said.

BE PATRIOTIC FIRST THEN PRINT THE NEWS

Especially When International Issues Are Involved.

Counsel Given Editors and Publishers of the Country by Secretary Daniels in Address to Vermont Press Association.

Vergennes, Vt., September 7. — Subordinate the printing of news to the service of the country, especially when international issues are involved and the times are fraught with peril, was the counsel of Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, to the American editors and publicists, as expressed here tonight before the Vermont Press Association. Mr. Daniels declared no editor could be patriotic who permitted his love for sensation or his zeal in printing news to lead to the publication of something that might embarrass his government in diplomatic relations with another.

"The duty of the press is to be critical, but always just and accurate," said the secretary. He emphasized the responsibility of the editor but asserted his duty was first that of a citizen.

"If the press does not battle for the people, it has degenerated into a mere phonograph," he said.

"I sometimes feap that the editor of today has forgotten his mission. He sometimes thinks he is chiefly a purveyor of news, and that his work is ended when he has given accurate descriptions of current events. Yellow back dime novels have been the undermining of many an imaginative youth, but they have been wholesome in comparison with the sensational journals whose columns reek with the slime of the slums."

Mr. Daniels declared his agreement with Thomas Jefferson, that if given to choose only one, a free government or a free press, he would choose the latter.

"Where there is a free press," he added, "a government cannot long be unjust."

COL. OSBORN FOR GOVERNOR.

Greensboro Man Urging His Nomination—Prof. Holt Ill—Bonds.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Sept. 7.—Friends of Commissioner of Internal Revenue Osborn here are not prepared to say what will be his attitude toward the gubernatorial candidacy in 1916. The rumor that he will be urged for the place continues to gain strength in the National and State capitals. It is known that President Wilson looks upon Commissioner Osborn as one of the ablest men connected with the administration and will no doubt urge him to remain at the head of his department.

Whether pressure enough can be brought to bear by his friends in the State to cause him to get in the race for Governor remains to be seen. It can be said that if Colonel Osborn does get in the fight he will make it lively for all other aspirants. His energy and ability in politics is almost astounding. When he starts in to fight for another man he never lets up. This was demonstrated in his efforts to nominate Major Stedman for Congress in this district and his work for Senator Simmons in this section of the State two years ago.

Friends of Prof. Martin H. Holt are very much disturbed over the discouraging news that comes from him. After a stay at Clifton Springs, N. Y., he has gone to San Diego, Cal., and a telegram from there has called his wife to his side. His brother, Prof. J. Allen Holt, is much improved in health, and will be able to participate in the reopening of Oak Ridge Institute on the 16th of this month.

Mayor Murphy announces that on account of the European war the city will be unable to market the $100,000 bond issue for streets before the first of 1915. In the meantime all street work that has been commenced will be finished.

TWO NORTH CAROLINIANS LAND FEDERAL JOBS

Kinston and Charlotte Men Postoffice Inspectors—Overman and Webb.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 7. — Senator Simmons was notified today that G. A. Smith, of Kinston, had passed a successful examination and had been appointed postoffice inspector, and Senator Overman was advised that Hugh B. Farrington, of Charlotte, had been appointed to a similar place. Both men it is said will be assigned to places in North Carolina.

The place given Smith is the one L. T. Yarborough, of Raleigh, came so near being appointed to. Yarborough was recommended for the place by Secretary of the Navy Daniels and several other leading Democrats, but later it was charged by Democrats that his Democracy could not be traced back to the time of his birth and, consequently, the recommendations were withdrawn. Everything possible was said about the qualifications of Yarborough until it was charged that he was not a Democrat. Then his erstwhile friends deserted him.

Senator Overman, ranking member of the Judiciary committee of the Senate, and Representative Webb, chairman of the Judiciary committee of the House, have been appointed conferees from the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, on the Clayton anti-trust bill.

The first meeting of the committee on conference will be held on Wednesday.

SECOND PRIMARY IN SOUTH CAROLINA TODAY.

Governor, Lieut. Governor and Others to be Nominated.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 7.—Democratic voters of South Carolina in the second primary tomorrow will nominate a candidate for governor, lieutenant governor, member of the State railrond commission and representative in Congress from the third district.

Richard I. Manning and John G. Richards will make the second race for governor. Representative Wyatt Aiken, in the third district, is opposed by Fred H. Dominick. Action by the primary is equivalant to election.

London, Sept. 7.—A Reuter dispatch from Antwerp confirms earlier dispatches of a German repulse Friday at Capelle Au Bois, and says they left 9,000 dead on the field. Many Germans, the despatch adds, returned to Brussels.

WAR BULLETINS

London, Sept. 8.—According to late advices, Japanese aviators have been sent up to drop into Tsing Tau.

Paris, Sept. 8.—The prefect of the Seine is advertising for men and women of the allied nations to herd live stock and milk cows collected in the entrenched camp.

London, Sept. 7. — Former United States Senator W. A. Clark, of Montana, with his two daughters, arrived here tonight from Paris on the cruiser Tennessee.

Paris, Sept. 7.—A Havas Agency dispatch from Zurich, Switzerland, says the newspapers there announce Germany has rejected Austria's request for a loan and the bankers have taken similar action.

London, Sept. 6.—7:20 P. M. (delayed) —It is learned on reliable authority that the captain and fifty of the crew of the British cruiser Pathfinder, sunk by a mine in the North sea, have been saved.

Washington, Sept. 7.—A Berlin wireless to the German embassy says: "British cruiser Warrior stranded probably as result of fight with cruiser Goeben while escaping from the Bosphorus." The dispatch contains nothing to amplify or explain.

Paris, Sept. 7.—According to advices received here a second Austrian army operating in front of Krasnosedow, in the Lublin region, has suffered great losses and is now on the defensive. Some of the Austrians have been forced to retreat.

London, Sept. 7.—An Exchange Telegraph Company's dispatch from Valona, Albania, says that a complete Turkish government was installed there today. Genady Adin Bey, a former Turkish official will replace the provisional government which took charge of affairs when Prince William of Weid withdrew from his kingdom.

London, Sept. 7.—Col. W. E. Gordon, of the Gordon Highlanders, who won the Victoria Cross in the South African war, is among the officers reported missing in France.

London, Sept. 7.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Antwerp says a German aeroplane flying in the neighborhood of Lottghem, west of Malines, was fired on by the Belgians. The wings of the machine were injured and it was brought to earth. The two occupants were made prisoners.

London, Sept. 7.—The official bureau says: "General Joffre's plans are being steadily carried out. The allied forces acting on the offensive have been successful in checking and forcing back in a northeast direction the German forces opposed to them.

London, Sept. 7.—The casualty list for the cruiser Pathfinder, which was sunk in striking a mine in the North sea, as officially given out tonight, shows that four men were killed, and thirteen wounded and that 242 men are missing.

WILSON SEEKS TO END COAL STRIKE

(Continued From Page One.)

have been actively engaged in investigating the whole situation and in trying to reach a dispassionate conclusion as to what it is possible to do in justice, not only to both sides, but also in the interest of the public. The result of their investigations and of their very thoughtful consideration in the matter has been the drafting of the enclosed 'tentative basis for the adjustment of the strike.' I recommend it to you for your most serious consideration. I hope that you will consider it as if you were acting for the whole country, and I beg that you will regard it as urged upon your acceptance by myself with deep earnestness.

"This a time, I am sure you will feel, when everything should be done that is possible for men to do to see that all ugtoward and threatening circumstances of every sort are taken out of the life of the people of the United States. "Sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

MERELY A "VULGAR TRAP" FOR AMERICA

(Continued From Page One.)

tion against her and could under no circumstances act as a check? Bombard Smyrna, Beyreuth, which are mostly inhabited by Christians? What of that? And what more could she do? But that would be enough to mean war. Do the people of the United States want war?

"The new British move against Turkey is clumsy. It will not cause the United States to modify its attitude. But it has called forth the following telegram from New York to the Turkish embassy:

"'If Turkey goes to war against England, the Hindoos and Mussulmans in India and elsewhere will support her in every way. Thousands of volunteers ready.

(Signed) "'RHAYANKAR GADAR, "National Colunteers, 57 East 107th St. New York'."

WIRELESS REPORT FROM BERLIN IS A MYSTERY

(Continued From Page One.)

clared war was received from other sources. A message from Constantinople today to A. Ruston Bey, Turkish ambassador, contained no mention of the Warrior and the ambassador said it conclusively proved that no declaration of war had been made though he did not give out the text.

Great Britain has been expecting a declaration of war from Turkey, it was said, for many days. The embassy here, however, had no official information as to the Warrior.

THOUSANDS LEFT IN AMERICA TO SUFFER

(Continued From Page One.)

here if their deportation means exposure to danger abroad.

New arrivals found ineligible would not be deported unless they could return without danger to the ports from which they sailed.

Relief work for those rendered destitute in European countries already has been undertaken by their fellow countrymen in the United States, notably by the French. These organisations probably will do what they can for needy aliens here.

GREENSBORO COLLEGES OPENING FOR THE FALL

Reward Offered for O. C. Klingman.

Armour Fertilizer Works to Care For Their Cotton Growers—Death at Guilford College—Other Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, Sept. 7.—Greensboro College for Women will open Wednesday. Members of the faculty, who have been out of town during the summer, and students have begun to arrive. Students are expected to come in rapidly tomorrow and Wednesday. Many improvements have been made during the summer.

The State Normal and Industrial College will open Wednesday of next week. The first two days, Wednesday and Thursday, will be given over to registration. On the 17th, 18th and 19th entrance examinations will be held. Regular class work will begin Monday, September 21. The attendance will be about 630, the same as last year, which is the full capacity of the institution. It is hoped that by another year the college can accommodate more students, as a number of applications for room must be turned down every year. Among the improvements at this institution during the summer have been the repainting of Guilford hall, a refrigerating plant built in the basement under the kitchen, and the dormitories in other buillings overhauled. The pipe organ has been replaced on the stage, giving more room on the stage. There are a score of new teachers in this institution, among them G. Scott Hunter, who will teach organ and will be organist at the First Presbyterian church.

The Greensboro public schools will open next Monday. Dr. Mann has strengthened the high school faculty and is prepared for an increased attendance. The enrolment last year was 3,016. If the attendance this year exceeds this number to any considerable extent the city will not have buildings enough to house the students.

A reward has been offered in the sum of $300 for information that will lead to the arrest of O. C. Klingman, formerly manager of the branch office and warehouses of the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company, in this city, who is missing, as stated in this correspondence a few days ago. It is said that the books of the office here show an apparent indebtedness to the Case company of approximately $30,000. The Reitzel Auto Service Company, in which Mr. Klingman was interested, has been placed in the hands of a receiver, and the Greensboro Loan & Trust Company has issued a warrant of attachment in an action on a $1,200 note it holds against Mr. Klingman. Mr. Klingman has been here several years, having established the Case Company's branch office, and is a native of Nebraska. He and his family have stood high socially.

The Armour Fertilizer Works, of this city, will grant extensions of time for the payment of fertilizer bills to farmers who will store their cotton and take warehouse receipts for the same. The company has decided on this plan in order to assist farmers in holding their cotton for better prices, which the Armour Company believes will eventually prevail. Mr. MacDowell, president of the company, believes that the United States can use 7,000,000 bales of cotton and that the farmers will not have to carry over more than 3,000,000 bales.

Mrs. Diddie Bolton, aged 75, died at her home near Guilford College yesterday. The funeral was held this afternoon at 3 o'clock and was conducted by Rev. J. H. Peele. She is survived by three children, J. J. Bolton, R. A. Bolton and Mrs. Priscilla Case. She had been a devout member of the Methodist church for many years.

GRAND JURY RECOMMENDS GOOD ROADS BOND ISSUE

Believed Action Will Give Impetus to Movement in Lenoir County.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 7.—The most noteworthy recommendation of better roads for Lenoir county is embodied in a report made by the grand jury last week. The jury advocates a good roads point out, was a representative body of men from every section of the county, including business men and planters. They briefly but earnestly declared that in their opinion steps should be taken for a bond issue. Several months ago the Chamber of Commerce, with the aid of individuals who favored better highways, attempted to steer through an issue, but little progress was made.

It is believed the grand jury's report will give an added impetus to the movement, since they can be considered as expressing the desire of the people in the rural sections in the matter. Friends of the proposed bond issue think $100,000 would be a fair sum for a modern sand-clay system, the nucleus for which is already formed by the Central Highway and other pieces of model roadways in the county. That indebtedness would be trifling for a county with a moderate tax rate and practically no present debt. The grand jury stated that the money now in hand is not sufficient, and that bonds should be voted.

Baltimore, Sept. 7.—An official reception to visitors to the city who are taking part in the celebration of the centenary of the writing of the Star Spangled Banner featured tonight's programme. Governor Goldsborough and Mayor J. H. Preston made addresses and "The Star Spangled Banner" and Kipling's "Recessional" were recited by Mrs. E. H. Sothern.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—An executive meeting of the National Baseball Commission here today led to a renewal of reports that terms of peace with the Federal League were under consideration. August Herrmann, of Cincinnati, chairman of the commission, said a few minor difficulties in various leagues were settled, but aside from the ont statement was silent.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 7.—Senator Swanson and Congressman Glass spoke to an immense crowd at Buckroe Beach today. Senator Swanson praised President Wilson's Mexican policy and the course he had pursued in dealing with other important matters.

GENERAL ENGAGEMENT ALONG 120-MILE LINE

(Continued from Page One.)

Captain Hans Thompson and Purser C. M. Landers, of the China, said no battle-scarred cruisers were in Hong Kong when the China left there August 12th.

The China brought a cargo valued at $2,500,000. Captain Thompson said food prices in Japan have advanced.

HOW THE RUNO WAS SUNK.

Told by American Consul John Ray, Who Survived.

London, September 7.—John Ray, American consul at Odessa, Russia, who was on board the steamer Runo, when she was sunk in the North Sea Saturday by a floating mine, is resting today at a friend's house in London. Mr. Ray is making good progress toward recovery. He tells the following story of his experiences on the Runo:

He was asleep when the steamer struck the mine. The explosion hurled him to the deck, where he found himself, his head injured, without knowing how he had been hurt. From the deck he observed the struggles of the steerage passengers to crowd into the life boats. The davit ropes of some of these had been blown away, and they went into the water bottom side up. The captain of the Runo was stunned by the explosion, and did not revive in time to superintend the lowering of the boats. The ship's officers could not speak Russian, and had great difficulty in making themselves understood during the panic.

One of them was pushed overboard.

CONDITIONS NO WORSE.

Growth of Unemployment in Britain is Virtually Stopped.

London, September 7.—A return issued by the board of trade tonight shows that the growth of unemployment has virtually stopped. In the trades where insurance against unemployment is enforced, the percentage of unemployment is 6.24—almost exactly the same as last week, and compared with 3.34 last year. The number of persons seeking employment at labor bureaus actually has fallen off, but is still about double what it was a year ago. Recruiting, which is proceeding at an amazing rate, accounts somewhat for this, particularly in the north and in the mining districts. Recruits are applying in such numbers that at some places it has been decided to close the recruiting offices for a week.

Prices for food show little change and this is due more to increased freight and insurance rates than to a shortage of supplies. Meat and fish are arriving in almost normal quantities.

The saloons of London are closed hours earlier than usual. At Hull, Chatham and other places, where many sailors are congregated, they have been closed entirely.

In other provincial towns the hours for remaining open have been reduced.

REUTER DENIES. REPORT.

Of German Press Bureau Regarding the Reuter Telegram Company.

London, September 7. — Baron Herbert De Reuter, of Reuters' Telegram Company, today issued a statement saying the version of the efforts of German interests to influence the Reuter company as published by the German Press Bureau, "does not tally with the facts within my knowledge."

Baron De Reuter says:

"We never had communication, direct or indirect with the Deutsches Kabel Gesellschaft, still less has any proposal in their name or on their behalf ever been submitted for our consideration. The fact, however, that for many months, I may say years, past, the German press at the bidding and under the influence of wire pullers, has circulated unblushing falsehoods and calumnies about our agency, presumably to weaken its prestige in contemplated competition, points to their intelligent anticipation of the refusal which any overtures from their side would have met with from us. Finally, permit me to add that we have no knowledge of the intended publication of this parliamentary paper."

BATTLE IN SOUTHWEST AFRICA.

Both Germans and British Prepared With Large Forces.

London, Sept. 7.—That the Germans in Southwest Africa, where there are 30,000 German troops, have been storing guns and ammunition for some time preparing for military action, has been made known to the British. It is said the Germans believed the Boers would aid them. British officials have been fully informed concerning the Germans' action.

With populous British territory on two sides of German southwest Africa and with adequate military forces at hand, Great Britain is to be well prepared for the situation. It is generally believed here she will soon seek to take control of all German territory in Africa. German East Africa is bounded on the north and southwest by British territory and it is thought here it will be easy for the British to dominate the east coast with the cooperation of land and sea forces.

It is said here that the Boer farmers living in Southwest Africa are all loyal to King George.

WOMEN PROTEST AGAINST WAR.

Eleven Hundred March Through the Streets in Deepest Mourning.

Kokomo, Ind., Sept. 7.—Eleven hundred men and women dressed in deepest mourning and headed by a corps of muffled drums and six men carrying a coffin, draped in black, marched through Kokomo business district tonight as a protest against war. The parade followed an anti-war demonstration held in the city park. The streets were filled with crowds of people who stood silent as the parade passed.

RESOURCES OF FRANCE TAXED.

Conditions Described by Americans Arriving From Havre.

New York, Sept. 7.—That the resources of France are being taxed in carrying out troop movements and handling wounded was the report brought by Americans arriving on the French line steamship Rochambeau, which docked here today from Havre. The liner brought 916 persons. Many from Paris reported all special trains from that city were crowded and at Havre there was extreme difficulty in getting steamer passage, the Rochambeau carrying several hundred above her normal condition. Food supplies were scarce and ships leaving were carrying only sufficient food for the outward voyage.

Wounded soldiers were arriving in Havre on all trains. Every form of conveyance was commandeered to transport these men to hospitals. Several passengers said that before the Rochambeau left Havre there arrived in the city about 1,000 Belgian soldiers, remnants of a regiment that escaped from the forts of Namur. They had their rifles, but every round of ammunition had been used before they retreated. The Belgians, as they marched through the streets, were given an ovation. They were at once placed on a steamship for Antwerp.

The Atlantic transport liner Minnetonka also arrived today from London with 176 passengers. Among these was C. M. Johnstone, third assistant secretary of the American embassy in Berlin, who has been in Berlin four years and is returning to Washington for a change of assignment. The German government provided Mr. Johnstone with a special train out of Berlin.

Chancellor James R. Day, of Syracuse University, who returned on the Minnetonka, expressed anxiety regarding the safety of American missionaries and teachers in Turkish territory.

RUSSIANS ENTER CZARNOWITZ.

Important City in Austria-Hungary Reported Taken.

Petrograd, Sept. 7, via London.—A dispatch from Bucharest, via Odessa, announces the entry of Russian troops into Czarnowitz.

An earlier dispatch from London reported that the Russians had entered Czarnowitz unopposed. The city is the capital of Bukowina, Austria-Hungary, and is 146 miles southeast of Lemberg.

WAITING FOR FRENCH ARMS.

Report From Alsace-Loraine Indicnes People Hate Kaiser.

Bordeaux, Sept. 7.—via Paris.—The Soldiers' Newspaper, issued by the government for the benefit of the army, contains an article by the Rev. Emile Wetterle, member of the Reichstag, from Alsace-Lorraine, declaring that one million and a half people in Alsace-Lorraine are waiting for French soldiers to rescue them "from under the heel of a pitiless despot."

AUSTRIANS RETREATING.

Suffered Tremendous Loss, Says Russian Report.

Petrograd, Sept. 7.—The following official announcement was given out today:

"The Austrian army corps between the river Vistula and the river Bug are retreating with enormous losses.

"The resistance of the enemy has been broken.

"There are evidences of the possibility of a famine in Austria."

NO HEART FOR FIGHT.

Desertions of Austrian Soldiers Increasing Daily, Is Report.

Rome, via Paris, Sept. 7.—Reports say that desertions from the Austrian army are increasing daily. This is said to be especially true along the Roumanian frontier, and it is declared also that many Austrian soldiers have reached Switzerland through Tyrol. It is said 24 per cent of the men of the Mechlav regiments have disappeared.

MARCHING ON GHENT.

Violent Fighting of Five Hours Near There Yesterday.

London, Sept. 8.—12:30 A .M.—A dispatch to Reuters Telegram Company from Ostend says:

"Violent fighting lasting five hours has taken place between Melle and Quatrecht, near Ghent, between Belgian volunteers and a superior corps of Germans. After determined resistance, the Belgians retired in good order.

"The Germans occupied Melle and are marching on Ghent."

EXODUS FROM PARIS GREAT.

Her Population Decreased by More Than One-Third.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The population of Paris and suburbs before the war was 3,400,000. According to semi-official figures it is 2,010,000 today, owing to the mobilization of the army and the departure of the fugitives.

The minister of public works is aiding the people to leave and is providing free transportation in many cases.

ROBESON, SCOTLAND AND HOKE.

Dr. Joyner Has Never Seen Three Finer Counties—The Schools.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 7.—Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State superintendent of public instruction, is just back from a trip through Scotland, Hoke and Robeson counties and declares that in all his travels, even through the Middle West, famed for its splendid farming sections, he has never seen any better agricultural section or one that gave more evidences of substantial and well directed prosperity. He saw farm houses all through these sections fitted with acetelyn lights and other conveniences and the farmers seemed well supplied with automobiles in addition to having farm machinery of the most approved sorts. Dr. Joyner went to Antioch, Hoke county, to take part in the dedication of a splendid two-story school building Saturday, having taken a hand on Friday in the dedication of a very similar building for Gibson, Scotland county, both beautiful model buildings with commodious class rooms and auditorium costing about $12,000 each.

Dr. Joyner also went to Philadelphus Saturday afternoon for the inspection of the splendid Robeson Farm Life school plant there. He found the teachers on the scene and the school ready to open. He found the plant modern in every respect with splendid buildings, well equipped with class rooms, laboratories and auditorium and with an excellent school farm and a large dormitory for boarding pupils. The school opens this week.

CLOCK IN DARKNESS.

Why Lights Are Cut Out is a Mystery to Most People.

Either as a matter of false economy or through neglect, it has become a custom of late for the light in the court house clock to be extinguished anywhere from 3:30 o'clock to 4:15 o'clock in the morning. The Star has before called attention to this and it is asked again by several to publicly ask why people should be deprived of this means of telling the time o morning when they have come to rely on the clock as a timepiece.

Daylight now does not begin until considerably later than in the summer, as any standard almanac will show, and people hurrying to catch early trains or off on hunting or fishing trips, had as well look into the depths of a cavern as on the face of the "town clock" to tell the time of day.

Galloway Not Located.

Efforts made yesterday by county officers to locate Frank Galloway, a young white man known in this city, who is wanted at Florence, S. C., on a charge of forgery, proved unsuccessful, though Galloway is known to have been in the city Sunday night and yesterday morning, having called at the local newspaper offices and informed the editors that stories sent out from Kinston Friday relative to some trouble he was in there were greatly exaggerated.

Sparks' Shows to Exhibit Here.

Mr. F. M. Tracy, general advance representative for the Sparks Shows, spent yesterday in the city making arrangement for the exhibition which this circus will give at Fourth and Castle streets on Monday, October 5. Mr. Tracy exhibited many newspaper criticisms of the show, and they all speak in glowing terms of the excellent entertainment given. He states that no gambling or short changing is allowed among its employes.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT NOT AN UPLIFTER, HE SAYS.

New Jerusalem Kept Clean by Every Man Sweeping at Home.

Baltimore, Sept. 7.—"I am not an uplifter," Vice-President Thomas R. Marshall announced in an address here today. "The street sof New Jerusalem," he added, "are kept clean by every man sweeping in front of his own door. I believe in keeping myself straight first."

Mr. Marshall declared laws not demanded by the people are passed at the instance of well meaning and presumably intelligent people who afterwards forget them.

"There is too much treating of symptoms in this country," said the Vice-President.

"We are willing to relieve sickness and distress, but let the causes remain.

"But these reformers find some crying need, or crying shame, organize a society for protection or suppression, elect a board of directors, appoint a secretary and then go down to the legislature to get an appropriation to pay the salaries of the secretary and the board."

Mexico City, Sept. 7.—The decree of September 1st, signed by the governor of the Federal District and guaranteeing property against confiscation, and citizens against arrest on mere accusation, was rescinded today by order of General Carranza. The governor has resigned.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 7.—Harrison Grey Otis, publisher of the Los Angeles Times, will be the first witness before the Federal industrial relations commission when its hearings open tomorrow.

HEAVY FINE FOR SPEEDING.

Obadiah Swindell Unable to Pay $60 and Costs Imposed.

A fine of $50 and costs for speeding and a fine of $10 and costs for driving an automobile without a rear light were imposed on Obadiah Swindell, colored, by Justice Geo. Harriss yesterday. In default the negro went to jail, and unless he manages to raise the money he will be sent to the county roads for an extended sojourn.

Swindell, according to the evidence, was driving a big Marmon car, belonging to the Lassiter-McDuffie Company, out Castle street extension the night of September 2nd, the rate at which he was traveling being estimated by witnesses at anywhere from 50 to 75 miles an hour. Several other negroes were in the car with him. Mounted Officer Applebury had a narrow escape from being run down by the big car, so swiftly did it come up. The tail light of the car was extinguished, and the officers could not see its number. They have been working on the case ever since, finally tracing the wild driving to Swindell.

DEATH OF MRS. BLANTON.

Greatly Beloved Christian Woman Passed Away at Fayetteville.

Friends in Wilmington will be grieved to learn of the death of Mrs. Francis Blanton, wife of Rev. J. H. Blanton, which occurred at her home near Fayetteville, on August 28. Death was due to heart trouble, with which she had suffered for a number of years. She was 46 years old. She was a devoted wife, an affectionate mother and a faithful Christian woman. She was buried in the city cemetery at Fayetteville.

Surviving her are her aged husband, Rev. Jesse H. Blanton, an aged and prominent minister of the Baptist church, who is well known in North and South Carolina, having held pastorates in these States for more than 40 years, and six children, as follows: Mr. Spurgeon Blanton, Mrs. Ida Groom and Mr. Furman Blanton, of Fayetteville; Mr. Allen Blanton, of Selma, and Mr. Daniel Blanton and Mrs. Alma Blanton, of Wilmington. They will have the sincere sympathy of a host of friends in their great sorrow.

MEETING OF MINISTERS.

Fall and Winter.

The first meeting of the Wilmington Ministerial Association since last spring was held in the Y. M. C. A. yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, with a good attendance. Rev. G. T. Adams, the president, presided and Secretary J. B. Huntington kept the minutes.

Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure reported that progress had been made in the proposed series of sermons here by Rex. Dr. Wilbur Chapman, and was instructed to continue the correspondence with a view to arranging the details of the meeting.

The next meeting of the association will be held the first Monday in October, after which the association will meet weekly, as during last winter.

EXCURSION TO BEACH.

Junior Order and Daughters of Liberty Association Resumes Meetings for the Have Delightful Outing.

The excursion to Carolina Beach yesterday under the auspices of the Junior Orders and the Daughters of Liberty, of Wilmington, proved to be a most delightful affair. The steamer Wilmington made three trips, carrying several hundred passengers on each trip. Many of the excursionists spent the entire day at the beach, returning to the city early this morning.

Music was furnished by Padrick's Concert Orchestra. Dancing was in progress most of the afternoon and also last night. Many enjoyed the surf. Several contests served to enliven the occasion.

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SPORTS

IN THE MAJOR LEAGUES

NATIONAL

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	68	53	.562
Boston	68	53	.562
Chicago	68	57	.544
St. Louis	67	62	.519
Pittsburgh	57	66	.463
Philadelphia	56	65	.463
Cincinnati	56	69	.448
Brooklyn	54	68	.443

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg, 4; St. Louis, 7.
2nd: Pittsburg, 2; St. Louis, 1.
At Boston, 5; New York, 4.
2nd: Boston, 1; New York, 10.
At Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 2.
2nd: Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 1.
At Philadelphia, 7; Brooklyn, 4.
2nd: Philadelphia, 7; Brooklyn, 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

BRAVES AND GIANT SARE STIL LTIED FOR FIRST.

Boston, Sept. 7.—The relative positions of Boston and New York in the National League underwent no change as a result of today's games at Fenway Park. Boston won the morning game, 5 to 4, and New York the afternoon game, 10 to 1. The largest crowd ever recorded in Boston at two baseball games in a single day attended.

After Snodgrass was hit by a pitched ball in the sixt hinning of the afternoon contest the crowd booed when he went to centerfield. His contemptuous motion in respons ewas followed by a volley of bottles from the bleachers. The game held up five or ten minutes and during the demonstration Mayor Curley went to the field and demanded of a police lieutenant that Snodgrass be removed from the park. Neither the officer nor the umpires would comply.

Tyler started off well in the afternoon, but in the fourth he walked Burns, who promptly stole second and third and scored on Murray's double. Four hits, an error, a base on balls and a sacrifice fly resulted in four New York runs in the sixth and in the eighth four hits and an error gave New York four more runs. Crutcher took up the tas kwith first an dthird occupied and retired the side. Boston scored in the seventh on doubles by Connolly and Smith.

Morning game—

New York	010	030	000	4	11	1
Boston	*	100	100	012	5	12	1

Mathewson and McLean; Rudolph and Gowdy.

Afternoon game—

New York	000	104	041	10	14	2
Boston	000	000	100	1	4	4

Tesreau and McLean; Tyler, Crutcher and Gowdy.

CHICAGO TOOK BOTH GAMES GAINING ON BRAVES AND GIANTS.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Chicago won a double header from Cincinnati today, 3 to 2 and 3 to 1, thereby gaining a full game on New York and Boston, who divided a double bill. Good's daring running won the first game in the eighth inning when he singled, went to third on a short hit to right and scored on a scratch single.

The second game was a pitcher's battle between Humphries and Fittery, a Central League recruit.

Cincinnati	000	020	000	2	9	1
Chicago	100	001	01*	3	8	1

Schneider and Gonzales; Pierce and Archer.

Second game—

Cincinnati	000	000	010	1	5	0
Chicago	100	000	20*	3	6	2

Fittery and Clark; Humphries and Bresnahan.

PITTSBURGH DIVIDED LABOR DAY GAMES.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—St. Louis and Pittsburg each won a game today. The visitors won the morning game, 7 to 4, through weak pitching by local box men and opportune hitting. The Pirates won the afternoon contest, 2 to 1, Harmon's pitching being the biggest factor. Neither he nor Sallee gave bases on balls.

Morning game—

St. Louis	300	120	001	7	8	0
Pittsburgh	001	000	030	4	8	4

Doak and Wingo; Mamaux, Cooper, Conselman and Gibson, Wagner and Coleman.

Afternoon game—

St. Louis	000	000	001	1	5	0
Pittsburgh	000	020	00*	2	9	0

Sallee and Wingo; Harmon and Coleman.

PHILLIES WON BOTH ENDS OF BARGAIN OFFERING BILL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Hard hitting featured both game here today, Philadelphia winning both from Brooklyn, 7 to 4 and 7 to 6. Cravath's hitting was prominent in both games. His home run with two bases occupied in the fifth inning decided the first contest. Killifer, a pinch hitter, drove in the winning runs with a single in the second game.

Brooklyn	000	120	010	4	9	4
Philadelphia	101	040	10*	7	9	1

Ragan, Allen and McCarty; Alexander and Dooin.

Second game—

Brooklyn	100	040	010	6	17	0
Philadelphia	400	000	03*	7	14	6

Schmutz, Atchison, Ruelbach and Miller; Marshall, Tincup, Mayer and Burns.

BROWN MARE SIENNA WON CHARTER OAK RACE.

Winner of Historic Race Last Year Developed Lame Ankle.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 7.—The Brown mare Sienna, by Peter the Great, owned by H. J. Schlesinger, of Milwaukee, won the historic Charter Oak stake, valued at $10,000, today at the opening of the grand circuit meeting in connection with the Connecticut fair.

Murphy's Lassie McGregor, the big money winner of the year, showed a lame ankle just before the race and was drawn.

Read Star Business Locals.

AMERICAN

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	84	43	.662
Boston	75	51	.595
Washington	64	59	.520
Detroit	67	62	.519
Chicago	62	66	.484
New York	58	70	.453
St. Louis	57	71	.445
Cleveland	40	87	.315

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At New York, 1; Boston 5.
2nd: New York, 8; Boston, 1.
At Washington, 1; Philadelphia, 0.
2nd: Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 8.
At Detroit, 8; Chicago, 7.
2nd: Dtroit, 3; Chicago, 0.
At Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 3.
2nd: Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Philadelphia at Washington.
Boston at New York.

YANKEES AND RED SOX DIVIDE THE HONORS.

New York, Sept. 7.—Boston and New York broke even in their double header today, the Red Sox winning the first game 5 to 1 and New York the second 7 to 1.

Speaker's home run into the right field fence with Scott on first in the fourth inning featured the first game. In the second game Wood was sent to the club house in the third inning after disputing one of Umpire Chill's decisions.

Boston	000	200	003	5	7	2
New York	100	000	000	1	4	1

Foster and Carrigan; McHale, Cole and Nunemaker.

Second game:

Boston	000	100	0	1	2	2
New York	004	021	0	7	7	0

Wood, Bedient and Thomas; Keating and Sweeney.

TIGERS AND WHITE SOX IN DOUBLE BILL SPLIT.

Detroit, Sept. 7.—Detroit and Chicago divided the Labor Day double header. The first game, a 12-inning contest, full of thrills, was won by Chicago 8 to 7. Detroit won the second game, called in the first because of darkness 3 to 0. Crawford's triple, scoring two runs, gave Detroit the second game.

Chicago	000	003	020	002	8	16	2
Detroit	000	004	010	002	7	11	2

Benz, Scott, Wolfgang and Schalk; Dubuc, Dauss and Stanage and Baker.

Second game:

Chicago	000	00	0	2	1
Detroit	300	0x	3	4	1

Faber and Mayer; Reynolds and Stanage.

STEEN WAS THE BIG FACTOR IN CLEVELAND'S DOUBLE WIN.

Cleveland, Sept. 7.—Cleveland won both games from St. Louis today, the first 4 to 3 in 15 innings, the second 6 to 2 in five innings, called on account of darkness. After Steen won the first game with his single in the 15th, after pitching six innings, he pitched the second, winning that also.

St. Louis—
200 000 100 000 000—3 15 2
Cleveland—
000 101 001 000 001—4 15 2

Baumgardner and Agnew; Hagerman, Coumbe, Steen and O'Neill.

Second game:

Cleveland	420	0x	6	6	2
St. Louis	200	00	2	7	3

Steen and O'Neill; Hamilton, Mitchell and Agnew.

ATHLETICS HELD TO ONE HIT IN THE MORNING GAME.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Bentley held the champion Athletics to one hit in the morning game, a single over short by Strunk in the eighth inning and Washington won 1 to 0. Moeller scored the winning run in the sixth inning on his triple and Foster's single.

Philadelphia	000	000	000	0	1	0
Washington	000	001	00x	1	7	1

Shawkey and Schang; Bentley and Henry.

Afternoon Game.

Philadelphia evened up the Labor Day programme by taking the afternoon game from Washington 8 to 7, losing the morning game 1 to 0. The Athletics scored six runs in the sixth inning of the second game on seven hits and an error. Washington rallied in the sixth and seventh, scoring five runs on a triple, a double and four singles.

Philadelphia	100	016	000	8	13	0
Washington	100	013	200	7	10	1

Bender, Plank and Schang; Ayres, Harper, Engel and Henry.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

North Carolina League.
At Charlotte, 8; Asheville, 1.
2nd: Charlotte, 3; Asheville, 2.
At Kinston, 4; Greensboro, 0.
2nd: Greensboro, 2; Winston, 4.
At Raleigh, 5; Durham, 1.
2nd: Raleigh, 9; Durham, 2.

Virginia League.
At Petersburg, 4; Richmond, 3.
2nd: Petersburg, 9; Richmond, 4.
At Portsmouth, 1; Norfolk, 3.
2nd: Portsmouth, 5; Norfolk, 5: (12 innings.)
At Roanoke, 7; Newport News, 6.
2nd: Roanoke, 0; Newport News, 5.

Southern League.
At Atlanta, 11; Mobile, 3.
2nd: Atlanta, 10; Mobile, 1.
At Chattanooga, 2; New Orleans, 8.
2nd: Chattanooga, 6; New Orleans, 5.
At Birmingham, 6; Nashville, 9.
2nd: Birmingham, 7; Nashville, 4.
At Memphis, 7; Montgomery ,6. (18 innings.)

South Atlantic League.
(Post Season Series.)
At Albany, 3; Savannah, 4.

International League.
At Baltimore, 7; Jersey City, 6.
2nd: Baltimore, 1; Jersey City, 2.
At Providence, 4; Newark, 0.
2nd: Providence, 9; Newark, 2.
At Buffalo, 4; Montreal, 5.
2nd: Buffalo, 3; Montreal, 11.
At Rochester, 4; Toronto, 3.
2nd: Rochester, 6; Toronto, 8.

American Association.
At Louisville, 1-6; Columbus, 2-2.
At Milwaukee, 5-4; Kansas City, 10-3.
At Minneapolis, 0-7; St. Paul, 6-1.
At Indianapolis, 3-6; Cleveland, 6-1.

FEDERAL

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	70	55	.560
Chicago	69	56	.552
Brooklyn	64	58	.525
Baltimore	65	61	.516
Buffalo	62	59	.512
Kansas City	61	64	.488
St. Louis	55	71	437
Pittsburgh	49	72	.405

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 3.
2nd: Brooklyn, 12; Pittsburg, 11.
At Buffalo, 11; Baltimore, 8.
2nd: Buffalo, 2; Baltimore, 6.
At Indianapolis, 5; Chicago, 6.
2nd: Indianapolis, 3; Chicago, 3. (7 innings.)
At Kansas City-St. Louis, rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

No games scheduled.

CHIFEDS WIN ONE AND TIE OTHER WITH INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis, Sept. 7.—Chicago won the first game of the double header today and tied the score which was called at the end of the seventh inning because of darkness.

Chicago	001	000	131	6	16	3
Indianapolis	201	000	110	5	8	5

Hendrix, Prendergast and Wilson; Falkenberg and Rariden.

Second game:

Chicago	100	002	0	3	10	1
Indianapolis	200	100	0	3	4	3

Brennan, Hendrix and Block; Kaiserling and Rariden.

MORDECAI BROWN APPEARED AND LASTED TWO INNINGS.

Brooklyn, Sept. 7.—Brooklyn climbed to third place in the Federal League today by defeating Pittsburg 4 to 3 and 12 to 11 while Buffalo and Baltimore were breaking even. Mordecai Brown made his first appearance in a Brooklyn uniform an dlasted less than two innings in the second game.

Pittsburg	100	001	100	3	7	0
Brooklyn	010	100	20x	4	10	0

Barger and Berry; Chappell and Owens and Land.

Second game:

Pittsburg	051	002	120	11	13	1
Brooklyn	002	002	35x	12	18	5

Walker, Leclair, Camnitz and Berry; Brown, Somers, Bluejacket, Finneran and Land.

BUFFEDS SPLIT DOUBLE WITH BALTO. TERRAPINS.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Baltimore and Buffalo split a double header here today, Baltimore winning the afternoon game 6 to 2.

Baltimore	004	030	010	8	12	2
Buffalo	033	122	00x	11	16	3

Quinn, Wilhelm, Conley, Smith and Russell and Jacklitsch; Moore, Krapp, and Blair.

Afternoon game:

Baltimore	100	010	004	6	7	0
Buffalo	000	000	200	2	8	3

Bailey and Jacklitsch; Schulz and Blair.

How They Stand

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Birmingham	82	59	.581
New Orleans	75	59	.560
Atlanta	74	59	.556
Mobile	76	65	.539
Nashville	71	67	.514
Chattanooga	66	73	.475
Memphis	60	77	.438
Montgomery	48	92	.343

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Norfolk	47	25	.653
Petersburg	37	32	.536
Richmond	36	32	.529
Roanoke	33	33	.500
Newport News	30	41	.423
Portsmouth	24	44	.353

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Winston-Salem	69	46	.600
Charlotte	70	49	.588
Durham	69	49	.585
Raleigh	51	66	.436
Greensboro	47	69	.406
Asheville	46	72	.390

MUCH OF KANSAS CITY UNDER WATER LAST NIGHT

Rainfall of Nearly 7 Inches Makes a Flood of Creek.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 7.—Night fell on Kansas City with many sections under water, because of the overflowing of Turkey Creek. Three thousand homes, it is estimated, were flooded and several hundred families driven from their homes. The water was receding but there was much danger from collapsing buildings. Two men were killed when they came in contact with a broken trolley wire, a number were injured. The total loss is estimated at about $1,500,000.

Turkey Creek, a drainage stream, always treacherous, was a harmless thread of murky water when the men and women who live in the valley southwest of the city went to bed last night. Then came rain, which continued ten hours and fifty minutes, with a fall of 6.94 inches, the biggest rain storm ever recorded in Kansas City.

Albany, Ga., Sept. 7.—Savannah today won the pennant in the South Atlantic League by defeating Albany 4 to 3 in the sixth game of the post season series between the pennant winners in the first and second half season.

Savannah	021	001	000	4	10	1
Albany	200	000	001	3	11	3

Wolfe, Smallwood and Smith; Williams and Wells.

EXHIBIT OF THE BRAVES REALLY SETS RECORD

Nothing Approaching It Is Now Recorded

Nearest Approach Was Dash of Chicago White Sox Under Management of Fielder Jones, in 1906.

New York, September 7.—The remarkable spurt of the Boston National League Club, which carried it from last place to a tie for first position in a little more than a month, established a new record in major league baseball.

While the Braves never seriously threatened the record of continuous victories they won strings of games ranging from four to seven straight with seldom more than one defeat breaking the sequence and as a result the climb from the National League cellar to a tie with the New York Giants for first place on August 24 was extremely sensational.

It is hard to fix the exact date upon which the Braves first showed signs of the rush that was destined to carry them from the bottom to the top of the league in less than 6 weeks. On Monday, July 6, the club was in last place, having won 26 games and lost 40 for a percentage of .394. Philadelphia held seventh place with .467. On that date the Braves started a run of four victories and continued with a few defeats until August 24. During this period Boston met every other club in the league except Philadelphia, winning 33 games; losing 8 and tieing one. While playing at this .805 clip the Braves scored 164 runs, 335 hits, made 54 errors and had 285 runners stranded on the bases. The averages show that but 1 2-7 errors were made per game, and one run scored for every two hits. The best run of victories was made between July 27 and August 6, when nine games in a row were won from Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg. It is also a peculiar coincidence that these same clubs aided by Cincinnati accounted for the eight games lost by the Braves during the period under consideration.

Nothing like this rally or rush has heretofore been recorded in the annals of the big league. The nearest approach was the dash of the Chicago club by winning nineteen straight games lifted itself from seventh to first place in the American League and later defeated the Chicago Nationals in the world's championship series—4 games to 2.

Even this run fell short of the record for the major league figures were set at twenty games by the Providence club of the National League in 1884, and the minor league record of twenty-eight games, made by the Corsicana club, of the Texas League, in 1902.

Many Minor Races Completed Today

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE BOASTS THE LONGEST PLAYING SEASON.

New York, Sept. 7.—The passing of the 1914 baseball season is marked today by the completion of a number of the minor league baseball pennant races. Beginning with the class B leagues in all parts of this country and Canada close with Labor Day double-headers. Among the most prominent associations which play their final schedule contests are the Central League, Illinois-Iowa-Indiana League, Texas State League; Tri-State League, Canadian, Colonial & Northern League; Atlantic League; Central Association; K. I. T. League; Nebraska State League; Western Association and Western Canada Letague.

The two major leagues have still one month of play ahead for they are not scheduled to end their flag chasing activities until October 7. Before that date rolls around, every league enrolled in the N. A. P. B. L. except the American, National and Pacific Coast Leagues, will have closed their season. The far western association boasts the longest period of schedule play for the Pacific coast league began play on March 31 and continues until October 25.

GAMES MAY BE PLAYED HERE

Durham, of Carolina League, Would Like to Play Norfolk, of Virginia, Here Three Days Next Week.

If the grounds can be secured and sufficient interest is shown, it is not unlikely that a post-season series of baseball between leaders of the Carolina and Virginia leagues may be staged at Sunset Park, this city, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

At least that is the inference from a telegram received by the Star last night from President W. G. Bramham, of the Durham club, which is pushing Charlotte "neck neck" for the Carolina pennant, Norfolk being an easy leader in the Virginia circuit for the Old Dominion championship. Mr. Bramham's telegram is as follows:

"Durham, N. C., Sept. 7th, 1914.

"The Wilmington Star, Wilmington, N. C.

"Durham club would like to arrange three games with Norfolk club, your city, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday for gate receipts. Can we get grounds?

"W. G. BRAMHAM, President."

An effort was made last night to get in touch with Mr. A. B. Skelding, general manager of the Tidewater Power Co., or some other person having authority to speak with reference to Sunset Park, but it was impossible to locate any one who could give a definite answer before the telegraph office at Durham closed at 11 o'clock. A definite answer, however, will be given Mr. Bramham this morning, and it is safe to say that it will be in the affirmative as to the grounds.

If the post-season series is staged here, it is safe to ay that the games will draw large crowds as the Wilmington public is baseball hungry and this inter-State contest among the leaders of their respective clubs for the championship would, without a doubt, draw big. It is expected that something definite will be arranged today or tomorrow.

THEATRICAL

It was a great Labor Day at the Grand Theatre. This handsome, up-to-the-second theatre always strikes the right spirit of every holiday and is ever gala. However, every day this week is going to be a great one for Grant patrons, whose name is legion. They are going to have dished up to them in most stylish manner the biggest week's feast they have ever had. Every day is feature day, while Thursday the great dramatic success, "Brewster's Millions" will be offered. Today's bill is one of star films, in which will appear star thespians. The leader is one of the greatest ever. It is Edison's "Across the Burning Trestle," with such noted folks as Mabel Trunnelle, Yale Benner, Herbert Prior and Bigelow Cooper in the cast. It is a thrilling story of railroad life and one particularly spectacular and thrilling feature is a train's dash across a burning strestle.

The best Indian story ever flashed on a screen is also a headliner today in Kalem's "The Fate of a Squaw," with Princess Mona Darkfeather in the title role. It is a great one.

The favorite romantic actor, G. M. Anderson, is also to the front today and will be seen as the star of "Broncho Billy Puts One Over." It is a stirrer of the blue ribbon type.

Lubin also makes his biggest offering in "She Wanted to Know". Of course, it's a fun picture and it is a hummer for the giant laughs. Don't miss chuckling over it.

The slogan of the Bijou, Wilmington's most popular theatre, has never been more forcibly exampled that it will be today. That slogan is "The biggest quantity of the best quality for the least money," and that's exactly what the offer today with an open challenge to the whole world to produce the equal for the price of admission. This is a safe bet, as the show that will be put on today for the tiny admission of five cents has been packing 'em in at all the way from 26 cents to a dollar admission., all over the country.

"The Kangaroo" is the title of this great masterpiece of the movie art, and it has created the greatest sensation that ever a motio npicture did. It's a gigantic, spectacular and forceful drama, dealing with an episode in the history of the slave holding States of the United States, about the years 1834-1835. It's the story of an arch-conspirator who headed a gang of thieves known among themselves as the "Speculators," who recruited representatives from all over the Southern States, including people from the lowest to the highest strata of society. No robbery or crime, large or small, was disdained by this band, and their arch-conspiracy wa sto get the slaves, all upon a set day, to rise against their masters. In this film they are shown in one of their nefarious operations, in a series of thrilling situations and scenes teeming with action.

A screaming Keystone comedy, "Love and Bullets" brings the grand total up to six reels, all for five cents.

THE VICTORIA'S OPENING.

Wilmington's theatrical season made its debut yesterday, the handsome, up-to-date Keith Vaudeville house, the charming Victoria, doing the inaugural honors for 1914-15. It was a great opening in every way. In spit of strong counter opposition in the afternoon the Victoria was jammed at the matinee. The huge audience was most appreciative, too, and showed vociferous applause upon each act and praise upon the management of the Victoria. The handsome theatre never made a better and more attractive appearance than it did yesterday and the bill presented was the best ever offered in the way of vaudeville in this city. The Victoria management well selected the opening show and it can, no doubt, count on having giant sized audiences both today and tomorrow, as the present show will continue throughout these two days, giving away Thursday to an entirely new show.

Each act of the present bill is a headliner, so it is really difficult to name the best. Of course, the great act presented by Little Lord Robert, the noted Lilliputian comedian, scored wonderful success. This tiny gent., about the size of a period, first appears as a baby, being taken out of his cradle by his nurse, and then does a number of character changes, and finally does an intoxicated scene, in full dress suit, that is a roar. Everybody laughed at this act and heartily applauded. The children were especially pleased, and the youngsters should be taken to see the Little Lord today and tomorrow. The "kiddies" should not miss this rare treat.

The Morin Sisters opened the show yesterday and give it a glorious start, as their act, filled with character songs and dances, is a wonder. They just couldn't respond to the numerous encores. Then followed Twisto, comedy contortionist, who does an act different from anything ever seen in Wilmington. His fun work was exceedingly clever, while his dexterity and strength caused all to marvel. Then came Brown, Delmere and Brown, a comedy singing trio, that present a really beautiful act. It is a novelty in the way of a singing spectacle, entitled "A Night on the Wharf," and special scenery and electrical effects are carried. Then, as a rattling swell finale, came Little Lord Robert.

Of course the Victoriascope made a great fun offering and the Victoria's brag orchestra was there with a brilliant programme. Truly, the opening can be said to have been made in a blaze of glory.

Southern Hotel.

Is not for rent, as has been said, but to the contrary we are wide open and doing business at the same old stand, where we are serving the best meals Wilmington ever saw for the money. Our cafe will re-open at once with extra a lacarte service. Good rooms to let at Southern and Purcell, either American or European. Also are open for 50 or more men who want meals or meals and room with special low prices, notwithstanding the war prices. We need you and want you to see us. Southern-Purcell Hotels, Southern Cafe best in the city. E. H. Sneed, Manager. (advertisement.)-2t

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails. Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:00 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:30 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:20 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, B and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 1, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. † 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 52. * 8:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. † 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. † 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford, commencing June 15. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. † 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. †12:50 P.M.
No. 57. * 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58. * 9:55 A.M.
No. 58. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:30 P.M.
No. 69. * 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. *10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. *10:00 A.M.
No. 68. b7:30 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 69. b 10:15 A.M.

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

To the Rescue in Blood Diseases

Just the Help Needed to Overcome Worst Troubles.

In S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, is the greatest natural repair crew known. It is an antidote for germs, that once let loose, multiply so fast that a definite disease is apparent over night. And yet so powerful is the influence of S. S. S. that like a vast army it spreads all through the blood, checks disease, opens up all the valves of escape and throws out disease through the lungs, kidneys, bladder, bowels and skin.

Do not become panic stricken if a rash or boils or eruptions inflame the skin. Nature is doing her best but Nature is at the same time calling for help, and in S., S. S. is just the kind of help Nature demands, for it is a pure vegetable remedy with an action that vigorously follows the blood channels and cleans and repairs as it goes along. In every community are people who know this to be true. They have used S. S. S. and are blood clean, through and through.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. today at any drug store. Drive out those destructive germs that cause skin eruptions, sore throat, swollen glands, blood risings, painful rheumatic joints, chronic bronchitis, and most all conditions of disease. Read the folder around the bottle that tells about the great work being done to assist sufferers. If you would know more about the blood and its treatment, write for special book to The Swift Specific Co., 52 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Star Cafe

OPEN
DAY AND NIGHT

209 North Front Street

Business Men's Lunch 15c
Breakfast 25c
Dinner 25c
Supper 25c

The Cleanest and Most Sanitary Place in the City, at Low Prices.

All White Help.

We Invite Your Inspection of Our Kitchen. The Most Up-to-Date Cafe in Wilmington.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."

EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 9, 1914.

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations, Parlor car for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville and all points North and South, at Hamlet. Through Pullman sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

Effective Sept. 8th.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
* 6:25 A.M.	6:05 A.M.
6:55 "	7:10 "
* 7:25 "	7:40 "
* 8:00 "	* 8:15 "
8:30 "	* 8:45 "
10:00 "	9:15 "
11:30 "	10:45 "
1:10 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:00 "	1:50 "
2:30 "	2:45 "
3:00 "	3:15 "
3:30 "	3:45 "
4:00 "	4:15 "
4:30 "	4:45 "
5:00 "	5:15 "
5:30 "	5:45 "
6:10 "	6:25 "
6:40 "	6:55 "
7:10 "	7:25 "
8:30 "	7:50 "
¶ x 9:15 "	9:15 "
	! x 9:45 "
11:15 "	10:45 "
12:00 Midnight.	12:00 Midnight

* Daily, except Sunday.
x Sundays only.
¶ To Wrightsville only.
! Leave Wrightsville.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	5:15 P. M.

Freight Office open from 8:00 A. M. to 9:30 A. M. and 2:00 P. M. to 3:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A. M.	12:45 P. M.

Freight Office open Sunday from 10:00 to 11:00 A. M.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Sept. 9th.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Sept. 11th.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Navahoe, Monday, Sept. 7th
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Sept. 14th

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Sept. 5th.
Steamship Navahoe, Sat., Sept. 12th.

Both Steamers Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALL

THE MORNING STAR

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Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months; $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

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COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

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THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, SEJTEMBER 8, 1914.

"Who is looney now?

Fight! You are no kin.

All eyes are on the allies.

Amazement awaits the world.

Havoc is one of war's accomplices.

Paris is surrounded by forts and Germans.

Watch the Jonahs and take down your money.

It is still a far cry from the producer to the consumer.

Entangling alliances are now mixed up in an inextricable tangle .

Louvain, Atlanta and Columbia know how to sympathize with each other.

Men condemn in others what they do themselves when they get a chance.

It is quite possible for every little Willie to grow up and play Old Harry.

All men fight, else war would be one-sided and there would be no great battles.

Honest Injun, why not send all the missionaries to the rulers of the nations of the world?

England is buying silver at increased prices, but it is just our luck to be long on cotton and short on silver.

A country which raises all it eats is better off than one which raises crops from which the world makes its clothes.

What can be the condition of armies which have fought, marched, retreated or advanced over a country extending about 150 miles?

If the Russians are good mountain climbers they may soon have to climb the Carpathian mountain range so they can get at the Austrians.

The Turks are praying for the Christians but the Japs are signing petitions with their own blood for the privilege of making war on them.

A New York hotel keeper is suing a woman for $5,000, wherefore it must be inferred that she ordered a full dinner for herself and just had it charged.

Atrocities more horrible than all the rest are committed by men who are in the death grapple of a battle. Other atrocities are mere incidents in the major tragedy.

Says the Jacksonville Times-Union: "The rich man's son is to be pitied." Guess it's so, if the old man's hand out should come in the same volume as blood from a Florida turnip.

Uncle Sam's war taxes won't be burdensome on the people. Only a few of the people will get it in the neck—that is, if they are hard drinkers and guzzlers of soft drinks, etc.

A "progressive retirement" probably means progress in going backwards. Success in getting away is success so long as it can be kept up. "He who lives to run away lives to fight another day."

It is announced that 700 of the Ulster army has agreed to quit their foolishness in Ireland and go to France where 52,000 Irishmen are helping Great Britain and France to stem the tide of the German hosts.

The actual commercial constituency of the average man is computed by a scientist at a valuation of $8 for the salts and fats contained in his body. However, a dolly fat fellow might bring as high as $12 to $15, although that would be the same price for a duffer of equal avoirdupois.

All of us know that it is not "easy to get the prerequisites of conviviality. Neither is it so very, very good. Neither is it cheap, and so far as peach and honey is concerned it tastes like a pipe dream. None can blow about blowing the foam off, and surreptitious swigging is not so common as it is exceedingly common.

THE SOUTH'S HARD LUCK LESSON.

It is possible for the South to feed all the armies of Europe but the South prefers for the West to feed its people. That is the reason the South has an agricultural problem of lamentable size on its hands whenever there is overproduction or war, either of which is economically disastrous so far as the South's one staple crop is concerned.

The simple truth is we produce too much of one thing to sell and not enough of all the things we buy. How many different sorts of bumps on the shoals do we have to have before we can be made to sit up and take notice? "Experience is a dear school," but we persist in going right on to school without learning a single lesson.

The South must wake up to the fact that the one-crop idea has compelled us to put up as much hard luck noise as "Bleeding Kansas" used to make. Let us get right and stay right. Let us profit from that homely old adage: "A burnt child dreads the fire." If the South will but gain its agricultural and productive independence its sad experiences will not come along so often. When will we quit biting off more cotton than we can chew?

Diversification of agriculture will keep us from climbing up on the junk heap to yell for help. We reflect on our intelligence by so often putting our foot in it when we have every reason for knowing better.

JAPAN'S COTTON INDUSTRY AND TRADE.

The government bulletin from which the Star quoted a few days ago, in referring to Japan's proposal to take 2,000,000 bales of American cotton this season, was made up by the Department of Commerce from a detailed study of the Japanese cotton industry by W. A. Graham Clark, commercial agent of the Department. Mr. Clark is a Raleigh man and is the son of Chief Justice Walter Clark, of the North Carolina Supreme Court.

We have had occasion before to observe that no man connected with the Department of Commerce has been so well equipped for field work in the textile world as Mr. Clark. He is not only a man of keen intelligence and painstaking observation, but his ability to analyze conditions is one of the marked features of his work. That work is thorough when it is done by the North Carolinian, and in his studies of the industrial situation abroad we get the technical view along with detailed information about the manufacturing, marketing and economic sides of the question in review.

The government bulletin, based upon Mr. Clark's report, reviews the history of the industry and trade from the establishment of the first spinning mill to the present time and analyzes the kinds of goods the Japanese are offering and shows to what extent they are cheapened by the use of inferior cottons, inferior construction, weighting materials, etc. Special attention is given to the methods employed by the Japanese to find a foreign market for their goods and to wages, cost of production, factory legislation, and the capitulation and profits of mills. A separate chapter is devoted to the Manchurian market and the nature of the Japanese competition in that section of China.

According to the report, with the exception of India, China is the greatest importer of cotton goods in the world, and Manchuria has been one of the best markets for American cotton goods. In recent years, however, Japanese competition has seriously curtailed American sales in that field.

In the upbuilding of the Japanese cotton industry Mr. Clark found that Japan's mills have been greatly hampered by lack of money and experience, as well as by the lack of skilled operatives and the difficulty, under their system of transient girl operatives, of creating and maintaining a trained force. The first cost of the mills is so great that, with high interest charges and high taxes, which have been greatly increased since the Russian war, the manufacturers have resisted all attempts by the authorities to enact regulations that would interfere with night work.

The mills in Japan have been greatly favored by a supply of extremely cheap labor and by freedom from laws prohibiting long working hours. They have also been enabled to keep down the cost of raw material by varying the mixings and thus setting off one cotton against another in a way that is not permissible in countries making the higher classes of goods that require a single grade of cotton.

Most of the yarns and cloths produced by Japanese mills are made from a mixture of Indian, American and Chinese cotton, and the low cost of raw material thus obtained seems to aid the manufacturers in their struggle for the Chinese market as much as does their cheaper labor, especially as the labor is very inefficient. Japan ships cotton yarns and cotton goods to many countries, but its one large market is China, where it finds competition on yarn from India and cloth from the United States. The publications of the Japan Cotton Spinners' Association, as well as remarks by spinners, indicate that they fear the future competition of Chinese mills more than they do the American and Indian. The Chinese cotton industry, says Mr. Clark, is small, but developing, and if the tariff is raised, as now proposed, the Chinese may quickly become a strong factor in the situation.

CAROLINA'S CHIEF JUSTICE.

It was a propitious day that brought to Wilmington such distinguished North Carolinans as Chief Justice Walter Clark and Governor Locke Craig, both of whom delivered fine addresses at the "Labor Day" celebration at Wrightsville Beach yesterday. It was a great privilege for Wilmington to hear two such eminent Carolinans from the same rostrum.

To have seen and heard Judge Clark one would not observe that age would be likely to stand between him and a seat on the United States Supreme Court bench. The physical and mental vigor of the Chief Justice gives an ironical cast to the matter of age as applied to eligibles for Supreme Court honors.

Judging from his appearanec, Judge Clark is only seasoned in age, while the strength of his intellect seems to be at its maximum. The Supreme Court lost a profound jurist and American jurisprudence was the sufferer by reason of the limitation of age as applied, without exceptions to the rule.

Anyhow, we should think honors were easy as between being Chief Justice of North Carolina and an Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court. Judge Clark has lent honor and renown to the State Supreme Court, and certain it is that North Carolina has honored itself by placing at the head of its judiciary system a man of such learning and judicial fitness as our Chief Justice.

North Carolina could not honor Judge Clark more on any bench than it does pay homage to him in his present eminent position in the State. Neither is it necessary to state that the people of North Carolina have learned through the long years that Judge Clark's convictions are equally unvarying, consistent and conscientious.

MAN, TURNED LOOSE BY HIMSELF.

Man digs iron from the bowels of the earth and sometimes uses it in the peaceful pursuits of agriculture, for the manufacture of stoves and cooking utensils, for the construction of buildings, for the purpose of bridging rivers, gorges and chasms, for converting it into pocket knives and ice picks, for banding the universe with railroads and for the construction of engines, machinery, tools, etc.

Man really is a great genius, but in spite of the fact that he put all the blame on Eve, he has completely surrendered to the daughters of Eve. Ordinarily, it would seem that man might be happy, if he would, but being always in mortal fear that somebody surely will swat him, he operates his ironworks overtime to build guns, firearms, nimble pistols, bayonets, swords, etc. Man is an intelligent animal. He can become intellectual, but he sits up at night to lay schemes and make plots, and generally compel his wife to telephone down town in order to find out why in the Tom Thumb and General Walker he can't come on home and get what's coming to him.

For political and sociological reasons, Colonel Bryan affectionately calls the male of the species "the average man," while Teddy imagines himself "the plain people's" grandmother, but after all, when man gets tired growing in grace he finally marches forth as a brute. Man really was cut out to be the "noblest work of God," but surely if it weren't for his lady friends he would be roaming the forests and cracking hickory nuts with his teeth. What would a man be if he were turned loose by himself?

THE LAMENT OF LOUVAIN.

Millions lament what happened to Louvain without having previously known that Louvain was on the map. Just so soon as it got on the map, all of us found out what a dear, sweet old place it was to us. Of course, we hate to see any town get swatted but when war breaks out men die by the thousands, cities are destroyed, countries are laid waste, prosperity is blasted, happiness is cast down, and civilization is undermined.

When the war god flashes his sword, vengeance arises from the midst of woe and broods over wreck and ruin. Who expects any better of war when everybody ought to know by now that "war is hell"?

Another Louvain can be raised up by man but whence comes the resurrection of the thousands of men slain in battle? Men are sent to bloody graves till doomsday. Their souls await the crack of doom. Cities are those earthly things made by the hands of men. Men are the creatures of God. There is sore regret that man's finest work should be destroyed, as Nineva of old, but where is the world-wide lamentation that humanity is being destroyed and the world deprived of posterity? The wreck of all the cities in Europe is not to be compared with war's crime in plunging tens of thousands of souls into eternity.

During times like these, the man who has a savings bank account knows the meaning of "laying up for a rainy day."

CURRENT COMMENT.

The most promising move which has yet been made in the effort to find some way of relieving the cotton crisis is that which has been begun by a group of Georgia business men who propose that the citizens of the South buy up as much of the cotton of the South as they can, purchasing directly from the planters and tenant farmers, and hold it for 12 months until the present emergency has passed.—Charleston News and Courier.

The Wilmington Star says: "The talk about invading England brings up a famous remark of Napoleon. He said he knew a thousand ways of getting into England but not one of getting out. England has a considerable amount of 'splendid isolation' on hand for her future safety." We believe some Englishman with a vivid imagination made that remark out of the whole cloth and attributed it to Napoleon. It is too absurd to have been genuine. Napoleon didn't know any way of getting an army into England, but he knew if he got in he could get out as easily as from any other conquered country.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

Despite the confusion caused by the war it is worth noting that Philadelphia bank clearings last week slightly exceeded those of the corresponding period of 1913. Very decided gains are shown in the clearings of Chicago, Baltimore and New Orleans. It is evident that in many quarters business is on the upward swing and that if the European catastrophe had not come with such unexpected suddenness this country would now be enjoying something of a boom. In all probability this has only been delayed, not postponed indefinitely, and with the clearing of the situation abroad may be expected to appear.—Philadelphia Record.

The Marshville Home, which is always crowded with wholesome news and comment, gives us this cheering compendium of facts in a paragraph in this week's paper: "The most promising feature of the present situation is the excellent corn crop in North Carolina, and especially in Union county. All the wars that European nations ever pulled off will not and cannot seriously affect the good old sturdy farmer who has a crib full of corn, a smokehouse packed with meat and a pasture herded with sheep and cows and a yard filled with fowls." Pictures of the "good old sturdy farmer" like that drawn by the Marshville Home will have a substantial part in boosting the back-to-the-farm movement. And there is no question about there being in this country a pressing need for more producers.—Raleigh News and Observer.

In the animal kingdom—or republic—the blood-sucking mosquito is always the female. The male is a vegetarian and a gentleman. He does not come around much, and we rarely see him at all. Not that we owe him any great esteem, considering how but for him the whole race would come to end. On the other hand, glancing at the vegetable kingdom or republic, we learn for the first time that our delectable scuppernong is a female dependent for reproduction upon the male elements of other grapes. Dr. J. M. Farrot, of Lenoir county, discovered this fact, which he relates to the Kinston Free Press. Puzzled by cessation of a vine's fruiting with nothing seemingly wrong, he found that a small wild grape vine near at hand had been removed. He satisfied himself upon further investigation that without pollenizing from another variety no scuppernong vine would produce fruit. When a cutting of the wild vine was planted within the scuppernong, results were astonishing. The scuppernong, he remarks, is unlike corn, whose stalk is male to the ear, the hermaphrodite cotton and most of our other useful plants. It has no male element until pollenized, but is purely female. We recommend that all owners of scuppernong vines take notice of information which has obvious bearing upon both the quantity and the quality of their grapes.—Charlotte Observer.

Newbern ,N. C., Sept. 7.—Fifty thousand pounds of fine tobacco as was ever grown in Eastern North Carolina was placed on the floor of the Vanceboro, Craven county, warehouse, Saturday, and disposed of at excellent prices. The opening of the tobcacco season and the initial season was quite an event at Vanceboro and for miles around farmers and business men came to be on hand for the first sale. Prices all the way through were good and the growers were well satisfied.

What Causes Wrinkles? What's The Remedy?

Stop to consider what produces wrinkles and sagginess of skin. Premature aging, mal-nutrition, etc., cause the flesh to shrink, lose its youthful plumpness and firmness. The skin then is too large for the flesh underneath; doesn't fit tightly and snugly as it used to—it wrinkles or sags.

It must be plain that to tighten the skin, make it fit the face perfectly in every place, will effectually remove the hateful wrinkles and bagginess. This is easily and harmlessly accomplished by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint of witch hazel and using the solution as a face lotion. The ingredients you can get at any drug store. The results are surprising. The skin immediately tightens up, becoming firm and fresh as in youth. Every wrinkle and sag is affected at once.

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispelled Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.

Piqua, Ohio.—"I would be very ungrateful if I failed to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the praise it deserves, for I have taken it at different times and it always relieved me when other medicines failed, and when I hear a woman complain I always recommend it. Last winter I was attacked with a severe case of organic weakness. I had backache, pains in my hips and over my kidneys, headache, dizziness, lassitude, had no energy, limbs ached and I was always tired. I was hardly able to do my housework. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on one other occasion, and it had helped me so I took it again and it has built me up, until now I feel like a new woman. You have my hearty consent to use my name and testimonial in any way and I hope it will benefit suffering women."—Mrs. ORPHA TURNER, 431 S. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the City Council of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, by resolution duly adopted on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1914, and amended August 22nd, called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1914, a Special Election for the purpose of authorizing or approving the ordinance passed by the said City Council on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1914, granting to the Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company a franchise, permission and authority to construct, maintain and operate a Street Railway with single or double tracks, turn-outs, curves, switches, spur tracks, receipt and delivery tracks, etc., for the transportation and carriage of passengers and freight, upon, along, over, under and across the streets named in said Ordinance, and to construct, erect and maintain poles and wires, underground conduits and other structures necessary for the conduct of electric current and power for the use of said cars upon such tracks.

The streets or portions of the streets over which the said franchise is asked are fully set forth and described in the Ordinance passed by the said Council which will be published as required by law in full once in each of the daily newspapers published in the City of Wilmington not more than twenty days and not less than five days before the day of said election, by the City Clerk and Treasurer of the said City.

Said election will be held in the City of Wilmington on Wednesday, the seventh day of October, A. D. 1914, and the following named polling places, Registrars and Judges of Election have been named and designated for the holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place—Kerr's store; Registrar, Willie Kerr; Judges, L. F. Harper and J. B. Elkin.

First Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. Fourth and Campbell streets; Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, J. W. Blomme and J. G. Ittner.

Second Ward: Polling Place—Court House; Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, C. W. Lassiter and Frank Shepard.

Third Ward: Polling Place—Cor. 8th and Princess streets; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, Walter Penny and S. E. Wood.

Fourth Ward: Polling Place—No. 10 Dock street; Registrar, W. A. Spooner; Judges, F. W. Pfeiffer and Jos. A. Price.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. 5th and Castle streets; Registrar, R. Henry Orrell; Judges, E. Childs and Wallace Sellers.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place—6th and Castle streets; Registrar, J. H. Taylor, Jr.; Judges, W. H. Biddle and T. G. Landen.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sun set of said day.

Each Registrar will, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M., each day (Sunday excepted) for seven days preceding the day for closing the registration books, keep open the registration books for the registration of any new electors residing in the precinct entitled to register, or whose names do not appear on the revised list and said books will be open until 9 o'clock P. M., on each Saturday during the registration period and shall close for registration on the second Saturday before said election. No registration will be allowed on election day, except to such persons as shall give satisfactory evidence to the registrar and judges of election, that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed for registration.

On the second Saturday before the election the registration books will be kept open at the polling places in the voting precincts; also for the inspection of the electors of the precinct and to enable challenges to be made on the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is objected to notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The Council has appointed the Registrars and Judges of said election and caused them to be notified of their appointment and required them to take the oath required by law, and named polling places and arranged them, and will cause to be furnished the necessary books and arrange for the ballots, and will fill all vanancies occurring in Registrars and Judges as required of them, and will receive the returns from said election, as required by law, and will endeavor to have the election conducted in strict conformity with the law, and will endeavor to see to it that the election officers perform their duties in all matters.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote in favor of said ordinance, the said ordinance passed by the Council shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of the city of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.

se4-30d

RICE BIRDS! RICE BIRDS!

ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT

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RUN BY AMERICANS.

Extra help added to our force, guaranteeing quicker and better service. Special Menus for Breakfast, Dinner and Supper. Everything in Season.

Open Day and Night

SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McKEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 156.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Trust & Banking Co. will be held at its office at Front and Market streets, in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, on the 9th day of September, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

August 31st, 1914.

THE BIG SALE —AT— GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY'S HAS BEEN A SUCCESS

We have added lots of new goods to the stock and we mean to run it until next Saturday, Sept. 12th. The large number of people that have called at the store have been well satisfied, judging from the amount of business that we have done. The goods that we are selling are serviceable goods, things that you need and that we all need, for now as well as for Fall use. We are not only selling things that we want to close out for Summer, but are selling things that are used every day and will be used all Winter. In the Dress Goods and Silk Department we have marked down 50c goods to 33c and 35c, and our Wash Goods have been reduced all through. Our 12 1-2c White Lawns we are selling at 9c. A special price on all Bleaching and Cotton Shirtings. We are selling at 65c Table Linen 64 inches wide at 39c. a yd., which is 11c a yard cheaper than you can buy it in the piece.

THE SHOEMAN has received his entire Fall shipment of Shoes and has a splendid trade every day since the Sale has opened. He is selling good goods for little money.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.—There is a cut in the prices in this line to the finish. We are almost giving away our Summer Hats. And we have also made a discount in our new style White Felt Hats, to close out. We have just received a big shipment of corsets, 75c. value we are running at 49c.

White Skirts, Middy Blouses, new style Petticoats and Muslin Underwear. We have reduced the price all the way through.

We have truly been a busy store this week, and selling our goods cheap will benefit our customers.

We will run the Sale until Saturday night, September 12th. We will add new goods to the stock every day, and there is no scarcity of goods for you. The price is low; we want to sell, and ask that you come and give us a trial the following week. Remember the place,

THE BIG STORE ON FRONT STREET

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY, Proprietors

Grovers Soft Shoes For Tender Feet

Lace AND Congress FOR Comfort

Buttons FOR Dress AND Street WEAR

—AT—

PETERSON AND RULFS

HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

J. E. HATCH

House Decorating and Sign Painting

WALL PAPERS, INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR PAINTING, FRESCO AND PLASTER RELIEF.

Office Phone 1336-W; Residence Phone 808.
107 North Third Street.

And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

MILL—RAILROAD—STEAMBOAT WORK

FOUNDERS—BOILER MAKERS—MACHINISTS
MOTOR BOAT BUILDERS

Railroad and Wharf Facilities

WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

CLARK AND CRAIG DEBATE ON LABOR DAY OCCASION

Questions of Initiative and Referendum and Woman Suffrage

HEARD BY THOUSANDS

Debate Was Mild and Only Incidental

Governor and Chief Justice Deliver Strong Addresses at Wrightsville Beach—Distinguished Guests of Trades Council.

The initiative and referendum and woman suffrage, forming two planks in the platform of the American Federation of Labor, were advocated with his accustomed vigor by Chief Justice Walter Clark in his address at the Labor Day celebration at Wrightsville Beach yesterday, while Governor Locke Craig in clear and cogent style opposed them because, he declared, there is no need for either in North Carolina at the present time. The debate was mild as the breezes that blew from the south over the placid waters of Bank's Channel and was only an incidental part of two remarkably able addresses by two of North Carolina's most distinguished statesmen.

They were heard with intense interest by several thousand people and each was given an ovation and frequently applauded while they spoke. Judge Clark cited President Wilson and Hon. William Jennings Bryan as two noted public men who have favored the initiative and referendum. Governor Craig paid high tribute to President Wilson, declaring that he is the greatest President that this country has had since Jefferson and the equal of that distinguished statesman. However, he did not think that even the President would want anyone to take his utterances as dogma to be accepted without regard to local conditions.

Judge Clark declared that there were 175,000 women in the State who are as lawfully entitled to suffrage as the men and also stated that they are in thorough accord with the laboring men in their efforts to obtain reforms. Governor Craig praised the women of the country for uplifting influence that they have had in the affairs of the nation but declared that he was opposed to giving the women of this State the right to vote unless they wanted it.

Celebration of Day General.

There was a general cessation of business in Wilmington yesterday and there were nearly 4,000 people who visited the beach. The exercises of the day did not begin until shortly after 2 o'clock. Following the addresses by Governor Craig and Judge Clark the annual athletic events were given at Lumina and were witnessed by many spectators.

Governor Craig and Judge Clark were taken over the city for an automobile ride yesterday morning and were greatly struck with the many evidences of growth and development to be seen on every hand. After dinner in the city they were taken to the beach in a special suburban car of the Tidewater Power Company.

Parade in Wilmington.

They spent the entire afternoon at the beach, leaving last evening for Raleigh. Upon their arrival at the Orton Hotel, a short time before the time for their train to leave, the Wilmington police department and the fire department marshaled their forces and with their apparatus were reviewed by Governor Craig and Judge Clark. With the big patrol automobile in front followed by the mounted police and the patrolmen in ranks and the fire apparatus, the procession went to the union station, acting as an escort for the visitors. The affair was entirely informal and had not been previously announced.

Exercises at the Beach.

Mr. J. A. Gillerlain was master of ceremonies at the exercises at the beach and introduced the speakers. The speaking took place in Lumina pavilion and Governor Craig declared that while it was about the most delightful place he had ever visited it was in many respects the poorest place he had ever spoken in. There was a great throng of people in the balconies overhead while all around the dancing floor was another host.

The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church. Mayor P. Q. Moore in a most eloquent and cordial manner welcomed the visitors to the city of Wilmington and to Wrightsville Beach. He spoke of Governor Craig's reputation as a campaigner and declared that he was widely and favorably known before he ever became governor, so much so that he was nominated for his high position by a unanimous vote.

He recalled the prominent part that Judge Clark had taken in the War Between the States as a follower of Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson. Great as his career as a soldier had been, he had done greater things in peace and had fought for the masses as no other public man in this State has done. He was glad to know that those present were to hear a man speak who had at all times stood for the people.

Judge Clark's Address.

Judge Clark declared that he had not come to Wilmington to make an address or to give instructions, but that he might show by his presence that he was in thorough accord with the principles of the laboring man, which he said he had studied and had advocated for 20 years. He would not attempt to make a speech, he said, because Governor Craig was to follow him and according to the morning paper it was the Governor who was to be the orator of the day. As for himself he would simply talk.

He referred jestingly to the fact that Dr. Albert Anderson, superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane, had accompanied Governor Craig, but notwithstanding this fact he would attempt to be sane and coherent in his remarks.

Laboring Man in History.

He reviewed briefly the history of the laboring man, showing how back in the dim pages of Egyptian history 100,000 men had toiled for 20 years to build a pyramid to please the fancy of Pharaoh. They were forced to do this work, he said, because they were not allowed to express their will about the matter. He mentioned other facts of history to show that until quite recently the laboring man had been forced to labor merely for his subsistence.

A little more than a century ago in the States assembly of France the 25,000,000 laboring men of that country had been given equal representation with the priests and the landed aristocracy and it was then that they became known as the third estate.

Judge Clark stated that the men of this country, who feed it, clothe it and furnish it with its necessities have little power in the government, but they can have much, if they will.

According to the United States census bureau, he continued, there are 950,000 persons in North Carolina over ten years of age engaged in gainful occupations. After allowing for the ministers, the doctors, the lawyers, the insurance agents and all others, not engaged in manual labor, there are at least 920,000 persons, said he, who earn their living by the sweat of their brow. And yet this vast body has little power to effect legislation, Judge Clark declared, and although they have been working for 20 years for certain reforms, they have accomplished but little.

Remedy Suggested.

The remedy for this condition of affairs, he declared, lies in the initiative and referendum, which places the right to govern and make laws in the hands of the people. Should a legislature, controlled by corporations, refuse to enact measures demanded by the people, they can be made laws by the people.

Judge Clark stated that he had heard President Wilson and Hon. William Jennings Bryan, each speak three times in this State and that they had advocated the initiative and referendum. Champ Clark, Senator LaFollette and Senator Pomerene had also spoken in this state and had advocated it. The only prominent man he had heard within recent years, who had opposed it, was Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, who, Judge Clark declared, has been kept in the Senate by the Boston & Maine railroad.

"But North Carolina has not followed these distinguished men, whom I have mentioned," he declared, "but is still following the trail of Senator Lodge."

Women Should Vote.

Judge Clark next paid his respects to those who oppose woman suffrage. Of the 920,000 persons, whom he had mentioned, there are 275,000 women, he said, and they have absolutely no right in the government. They are with the laboring man in sympathy because they are with him in interest. There are ten great states which have woman suffrage, Judge Clark continued, but North Carolina instead of giving them this right classes them in the constitution along with idiots, lunatics, convicts and illiterates, as being unfit to vote.

One of the cardinal principles of government, he continued, is that there shall be no taxation without representation and yet in this state women own one-third of the property and have no right in the government.

Judge Clark was again given an ovation when he closed his address.

Governor Craig Speaks.

Governor Craig in beginning his address paid a high tribute to President Wilson, to whose wisdom he ascribed the fact that in the greatest crisis of the world's history through which we are passing is due the advantageous position that we occupy. When he mentioned the wisdom with which Wilson has guided the ship of state for the last few months there was great applause.

"Though the seas may be between us, though we be thousands of miles apart, though we speak different languages and have different religions, the effect of the war in Europe is being felt in this country and is another proof that the nations of the earth are dependent upon each other and that the dream of the universal brotherhood of man is being realized," the Governor declared.

He declared that the present conditions could not last for the same wise hand that guided the country safely through the Mexican crisis would as surely find a way by which the country could be relieved.

Co-Operation is Needed.

The world must be clothed as well as fed, the Governor declared, and he predicted that cotton would as surely go up as wheat, sugar, and other agricultural products had done. He urged that those present should hold their cotton for better prices.

Co-operation is absolutely necessary, he continued, and during this crisis no man should attempt to take advantage of his fellowman. As this country would not exact a tribute of $15,000,000 from China because she was not justly entitled to it so should the individual refuse to take money that does not justly belong to him.

The Governor declared that he came

(Continued on Page Six)

LAST MEET OF THE SEASON

Labor Day Athletic Events Witnessed by Very Large Crowds—The Winners.

Witnessed by probably the largest gathering of the entire season, the last of the series of summer athletic meets at Wrightsville Beach, held in connection with the Labor Day Celebration at Lumina yesterday, proved to be possibly the most interesting of the year, and every event contributed to the entertainment of the large crowds of spectators.

The meet began immediately at the conclusion of the speeches by Governor Craig and Chief Justice Clark, about 3:30 o'clock, and the officials managed everything so well that it took little more than an hour and a quarter to complete the entire programme of 14 events.

The various events, and the winners of first, second and third places in each, were as follows:

100-yard dash (under 110 pounds)—Theo. Hashagen, Gerald Mercer and Wm. Penny.

100-yard dash (over 110 pounds)—Robert Williams, Ike Silverman and Walter Hashagen.

100-yard dash (135 pounds and over)—H. Coughenour, Loper and G. B. Griffin.

Running hop, step and jump (open event)—R. Davis, Lyon and Schnibben.

Shot put (union men only)—Loper, Kermon and Everett.

Rope climb (Union men only)—Duncan, Kermon and Huband.

Human race (under 110 pounds)—Penny and Mahler; Simon and Goldstein, Hashagen and Toon.

Human race (over 110 pounds)—Grant and Holmes; Silverman and Mercer; Williams and Schnibben.

Flag race (girls under 12)—Mary E. Herbst, Alice McVey, Eugenia Mason.

Flag race (girls over 12)—Omah Williams, Wallace Brady.

The apple eating contest proved to be the most amusing event on the programme. Simon won first place; Green second, and Loper third.

In the tug of war, open to Union men only, the carpenters' team won first place, taking the victory from the mechanics' team after they had won from the electricians.

R. Davis took first place in the swimming race, with Lyon second, Lord third and Taylor fourth.

First place in the canoe race was won by Davis and Lord, with Williams and Taylor second, and Murchison and Corbett third.

David Murchison won the prizes offered for the greatest number of points scored in the canoe races for the season, with a total of 22 points. A Spaulding sweater and bath suit were the prizes. Robert Davis and Wm. Lord, with 20 points each, came out second in the canoe series; and the other scores made were as follows: Jack Watters, 12; Wm. Parsley, 9; Walker Taylor, Jr., 14; Geo. Clark, 7; Irvin Corbett, 7; Robert Strange, 7; Bob Williams 5; and Jno. D. Corbett 3.

Round trip tickets to the beach for the winners of the men's events, and boxes of candy for the victors in the girls' races, were awarded the winners. In the tug of war contest a box of Wilmington-made cigars went to the winning team, and the Tidewater also presented each member of this team with a souvenir silver pencil. Each man in the finals in this contest was given a round trip ticket to the beach.

The officials of the meet yesterday were as follows: Judges, A. W. Allen, I. S. King, D. C. Page, J. R. Brown; marshal, J. P. Seitters; scorer, Wm. Shaw; clerk, O. B. Hinnant; starter, B. A. Thees; linemen, B. R. Morrison and C. M. Hazlehurst; referee, J. B. Huntington.

SUPPOSED SUICIDE IS FOUND IN AUGUSTA, GA.

Mr. J. C. Deaton Located Nephew There Last Week

Shrewd Detective Work by Relatives of C. F. Deal Responsible for His Discovery—Back to College in North Carolina.

That C. F. Deal, the young man from Landis, N. C., who was supposed to have drowned himself in the Cape Fear river on August 23rd, was found in Augusta, Ga., on last Wednesday night, in his usual good health, is the information contained in a letter to The Star from his uncle, Mr. J. C. Deaton, of Landis. Mr. Deaton and two brothers of the young man spent several days in Wilmington following his disappearance in an effort to locate him.

After making an inquiry into all the circumstances they came to the conclusion that the young man had not drowned himself, but that being unable to pay back some money he had borrowed from his father, Mr. C. J. Deal, a well known business man of Landis, had decided to leave the impression that he was drowned. It was their theory that he had gone away with a man, who was selling candy here, manufactured by a process, originated by himself.

It was reported to them that the young man had gone to Richmond, Va., and one of the brothers went to that city ,but failed to find him there. Mr. Deaton remained in Wilmington and on Saturday, August 29th, he states in the letter that he got a faint trace of the whereabouts of his nephew. During the week following his disappearance he had the river dragged, but failed to find any trace of his body.

On Sunday, August 29th, he found that young Deal had purchased a ticket from Wilmington to Augusta, Ga. Mr. Deaton went to Augusta on the following Tuesday, reaching that city about noon. He states in his letter that with the aid of the city officials of that place he was enabled to find out where his nephew had spent Sunday night, August 30th, but found out nothing more as to where he was until about 8 o'clock last Wednesday night. At 10:30 o'clock on the same night, he states, he found Deal and took him to his room.

He says that Deal, after being informed of the feeling of his parents towards him, was very eager to return home and to again enter Lenoir College at Hickory, where he has been a student for the last several years.

Young Deal is 19 years old and lacks only one year of having completed his course at Lenoir College. He came to Wilmington in July to sell a cleaning compound. He had borrowed some money from his father with which to begin business, which he was to pay back later. However, he seems not to have been very successful in disposing of the compound and doubtless thought that there was no possibility of getting enough money to pay his debts. Being of a sensitive nature, he doubtless felt himself unable to return home and confess that he had failed in his efforts.

He left behind a note which was found on the wharf of the Clyde Line Steamship Company in which he stated that he had committed suicide because no one cared for him and because he had tuberculosis and was unable to work. When his brothers and uncle arrived in Wilmington and learned of the contents of the note they at once concluded that the suicide story was a hoax for they said that young Deal had been at home only a few weeks before and at that time was in good health. They also stated that so far from anyone at home not caring for him; that his father had advanced him money with which to pay his initial expenses in his efforts to sell the cleaning compound.

Working on the theory that the suicide was a hoax they at once began to make an effort to find where he had gone. It was their opinion that Deal had taken several people here into his confidence and that they were making an effort to keep his whereabouts unknown to his relatives. It was for this reason that they did a bit of detective work on their own hook and kept their mode of action unknown to any except a few people in the city, including the local staff of The Star, who assisted them in their local investigations. So sure was Mr. Deal that there were people here who knew more than they had told him that he left the impression with most of those with whom he talked that he thought his nephew was drowned.

Mr. Deaton is manager of the Landis Hardware Co., and Mr. C. J. Deal is an official of a large cotton mill at that place. Both are well known business men.

BRITISH VICE CONSUL RETURNS FROM ABROAD

Mr. James Sprunt and Party Back in Wilmington

Talks Interestingly of Conditions in Europe—Firm's Interests Divided—Interesting Description From Forthcoming Book.

Mr. James Sprunt, British vice consul for North Carolina, accompanied by Mrs. Sprunt, their son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Sprunt, of this city, and their guest, Miss Katherine Ellis, of Atlanta, Ga., who have been abroad for some weeks prior thereto and during the early weeks of the European war, reached Wilmington yesterday morning from New York, having arrived there last Thursday on the Mauretania after an almost record-breaking trip across the Atlantic of exactly seven days and nights.

It was naturally very pleasing for Mr. Sprunt to be at home again and his friends will be delighted to know that in spite of the stress of more than a month in the war zone, he is looking the picture of health and is in good spirits. In an interview with him yesterday afternoon at the offices of Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son, the cotton exporters, of which firm he is the senior member, a representative of the Star asked to be informed of some of the industrial and political aspects of the turmoil in Europe, but he declined, not only because he was an American citizen, but because in Great Britain, in Germany and in France the interests of his firm are so greatly divided as between the countries at war. For instance, from the Sprunt staff in Germany there are 30 soldiers in the Kaiser's army; from their French office and outlying districts, half that number are in the French army, and "from our British connections," said Mr. Sprunt, "half as many again are in the British army."

Speaking generally of the import of the war, in one instance known to Mr. Sprunt a family of seven sons were in the same company and in other instances brothers were in opposing armies. The scenes and incidents of the outbreak of the war are graphically described by Mr. Sprunt and while speaking reservedly, his account of the mobilization and the wide extent of the great struggle of nations is most interesting.

He was asked particularly with reference to the probable resumption of commerce on the high seas, so important to American interests just now. Still declining, however, to express himself on the political and industrial phases of the war, Mr. Sprunt did say that on the day of his departure from London, a little more than a week ago, attempts were being made by important interests with the government to accomplish further measures of relief, financial and commercial, which would enable the representatives of important interests to resume to some extent the traffic which had been paralyzed by recent events.

"If the cotton business is resumed with Liverpool," said Mr. Sprunt, "it will only be to a limited extent. There is still about 890,000 bales of all sorts to go into consumption from Liverpool before the actual need for cotton begins. The mills in Great Britain are running on half time. Those on the continent of Europe to a very limited extent. Many of them are closed. The renewed moratorium for about a month hence may be continued again if conditions require it, but there was a distinctly better feeling in financial affairs a week ago in London."

Further than this Mr. Sprunt declined to be quoted. His forthcoming book to be entitled "Cape Fear Chronicles" has been delayed in its publication on account of his absence abroad, but the Star, in this connection, is permitted to copy the following interesting notes of Mr. Sprunt's recent experience abroad, which is a part of the concluding chapter of the book and which is a graphic description of conditions obtaining abroad at this critical period of the world's history. This excerpt from the concluding chapter of Mr. Sprunt's book is as follows:

"These concluding lines are being written on board the Cunard steamer 'Mauretania,' racing for New York, September 2nd, 1914. Every light on board is carefully obscured—windows, ports and even the covered decks are screened with canvas, against the risk of unfriendly cruisers. We are rapidly approaching Nantucket lightship with a grateful sense of security from capture, for we are told that our entire track has been guarded by five invisible British cruisers, from which we obtained our sailing directions through that mysterious medium of the wireless signals. Verily Britannia still rules the waves.

"In Paris, where we spent a week, I met by appointment important business men from Germany, from France, and from England. The war cloud was rising and threatened to break, but all of these prominent men of affairs believed that the issues would be composed—no one, said they, wanted war. Alas, a few hours after their departure the manager of our Paris hotel, who had also reassured me, was called to the telephone on urgent matters. We saw him go suddenly white to the lips—war had been declared and the greatest struggle the world has ever seen was on.

"In the year 1870 I had seen the closing drama of the Paris Commune—I had seen the fairest city in the world devastated, the streets barricaded with paving stones, household furniture, anything to shield the revolutionists from the deadly destruction of the Mitrailleuse guns. I had seen the beautiful Vendome Column pulled down by the frenzied mob, the palace of the Tuilleries and the Hotel de Ville in flames, while priceless works of art dropped into the seething ruins; the beautiful trees of the Bois de Boulogne levelled to the ground, the Bourse used for the stabling of cavalry horses, the smouldering camp fires in Pere la Chaise, the silent city of the dead and tombstones splashed with blood. I had walked in great danger for fourteen miles within the city walls without the sight of an animal of any description—they had all been devoured, even to the wild creatures of the Zoological gardens. And everywhere the air was defiled with unburied human bodies, and I had gathered in my own room facing the Boulevard Magenta hundreds of bullets and fragments of exploded shells, which had been fired from the street below. And I had repeatedly returned in after years and saw these ravages of the Terror gradually but skilfully and patiently repaired, until the last

(Continued on Page 8.)

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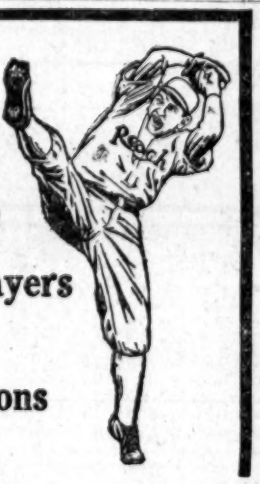

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Persons living elsewhere will be supplied under the same guarantee by their local druggist or direct by Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn. For sale here by

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, WILmington, N. C., August 8, 1914. Sealed proposals for dredging in the waterway from Core Sound to Beaufort Harbor, N. C., will be received at this office until 12 M., Sept. 8, 1914, and [illegible] publicly opened. Information on application. H. W. STICKLE, Maj., Engrs.

Men's, Ladies' and Children's

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SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Margaret Gaylor is visiting relatives at Red Springs.

* * *

Dr. E. J. Wood returned yesterday morning from his vacation.

* * *

Miss Mary E. Carpenter is spending a few days in the Western part of the State.

* * *

Mrs. Ella Summerell and little daughter, Marion, have gone to Laurinburg to visit relatives.

* * *

Dr. M. E. P. Clark left last night for a week's visit to relatives and friends in Franklin county.

* * *

Rev. W. S. Patterson, of Lakeland, Fla., is spending a few days with his brother, Dr. Geo. K. Patterson.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Hines, of Seagate, left yesterday for Newbern to visit friends.

* * *

Mr. D. B. Robinson left on an early train this morning for Durham, where he will re-enter Trinity Park school.

* * *

Mrs. Ludie M. Gill, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Laura Alderman, has returned to her home in Laurinburg.

* * *

Miss Hattie Willis has gone to Baltimore, Md., to attend the Star Spangled Banner celebration, in progress there this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Haskett are spending ten days in New York city, Syracuse, N. Y., and around that section of New York State.

* * *

Miss Minnie Marshall, of Rocky Mount, has returned home after a pleasant visit to her uncle, Rev. O. N. Marshall, at Seagate.

* * *

Mr. R. B. Boney, of Auburn, Ind., arrived yesterday to be at the bedside of his father, Mr. J. W. Boney, of 810 Orange street, who is quite ill.

* * *

Miss Lois Allen, daughter of Mrs. S. K. Allen, of Bolton, was in the city yesterday on her way to Greensboro, where she will enter the Greensboro College for Women.

* * *

The Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will have its regular monthly meeting at the church this afternoon at 5 o'clock. All the ladies of the congregation are invited to attend.

* * *

Mrs. J. T. Quaries, No. 514 South Second street, received a telegram yesterday afternoon informing her of the death of the wife of her son, Mrs. Arthur L. Stonebank, at her home in Jacksonville, Fla. Mrs. Quaries leaves today to attend the funeral.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Haskett, of 119 Ann street, are spending a vacation trip in New York and Niagara Falls. They will return this week by way of Baltimore, where they will stop over with friends to attend the last days of the Star Spangled Banner Centennial, in that city.

* * *

A telegram yesterday brought the news to relatives here of the critical illness of Mrs. D. C. Rivenbark, who has been visiting relatives at that place for some time. Relatives of Mrs. Rivenbark left last evening to be with her. Her many friends here will hope for her early recovery.

* * *

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Miss Martha Williams, of Wilmington, is the guest of Miss Fan. Williams. ——Miss Cora Rackley has returned from a vacation spent in the mountains and near Wilmington.——Mr. Cameron MacRae, formerly of Fayetteville, now making his home in Clayton, Ga., is a welcome visitor in the city."

* * *

Miss Esther Baxley and Mr. Spurgeon Baxley entertained a number of their friends at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. Baxley, Saturday evening from 8 to 11 o'clock. Those present were Misses Flossie Dixon, Hazel Howie, Vernell Huband and Lottie Thorpe; Mr. J. E. Carr, of Richmond, Va., and Messrs. L. E. Allen, L. L. Walton, C. K. Davis and E. C. Huband. The young folks enjoyed a number of games, following which was a contest in which Mr. L. L. Walton was the winner. A delicious course of ice cream and cake was served. Miss Flossie Dixon rendered a number of selections on the piano, which were very much enjoyed.

* * *

MR. PEMBROKE JONES WINS GOLF MATCH AT NEWPORT

The following Newport despatch to The New York Herald of September 6th will be of interest to many friends here:

Newport, R. I., Saturday. — Today a most interesting, and in some ways thrilling contest took place on the course of the Newport Golf Club. It was accompanied by the devoted attention of a gallery that had to confess at times that it was amused. For some time past there had been heavy betting on the outcome of the match, and the partisans of each player were positive their respective candidate would surely win the crown of the links.

The contestants were Mr. Pembroke Jones, known familiarly among his many friends as the Southern golfer, who usually plays with only one hand, and Mr. J. Stewart Barney, who in turn is known as the crack golfer of the Union Club of New York. The match ended in the complete overthrow of Mr. Barney, who "hit the green" eleven down.

This settles for all time any doubt among the members of the Reading Room, as well as of the Golf Club, as to the supremacy of the golf links, at least as between Mr. Jones and Mr. Barney.

CONVICT KILLED BY GUARD

Colored Trusty Rushed on Mr. J. W. Perry With Baseball Bat When Latter Shot in Self Defense.

Joe Martin, a colored convict of bad reputation, was shot and fatally injured by Mr. J. W. Perry, a guard at the East Wilmington camp, late Sunday afternoon. The negro died a half hour later while being taken to the James Walker Memorial Hospital for treatment. Previous to the shooting the convict had kept the officers away from him for two hours. The shot entered the abdomen.

Coroner John J. Fowler was notified yesterday and immediately summoned a jury to hold an inquest composed of Messrs. D. R. Foster, foreman; John W. Gafford, secretary; Julius Sternberger, Moses Horne, L. W. Tindal and Clarence Montgomery. After viewing the remains the jury adjourned to meet at the court house this morning at 9:15 o'clock when witnesses will be examined.

The negro had been working at the Federal Point camp and was removed to the East Wilmington camp Sunday. He was a trusty and was allowed to be at large in the enclosure. He found a baseball bat and became unruly. For an hour or more he kept the guards at bay and finally Mr. George Harrell, a guard, in an effort to disarm him, shot at the bat, knocking it from his hands and also shooting off Martin's little finger.

Dr. John Thames, assistant county health officer, was notified, but when he came to treat the negro's wounds he had again gotten possession of the bat and refused to allow anyone to come near him. Finally Dr. Thames left and the guards then decided to take him. When they started toward him he rushed at Mr. Perry with the bat in his hands and the latter fired, wounding him mortally.

The negro had served two terms previously on the roads. He once made an effort to kill Deputy Sheriff Kelly with a knife and only the effective blow from the officer's club kept him several years ago from shooting Policeman Joe Lane.

The occurrence at the camp was not reported to the officers in the city until yesterday morning. No reason was stated yesterday as to why the matter was not reported earlier.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Herman Carney, a white boy, will be tried before Justice Harriss today on a charge of the larceny of a bicycle.

—Vergil Hardy, a colored boy, was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Reynolds last night at Winter Park, on a charge of the larceny of a bicycle from Mr. W. M. Sneeden.

—Sandy Williams and Geo. Bluders, both colored, were arrested Sunday night at Winter Park by Officers Kermon and Reynolds on charges of gambling. They will be tried before Justice Harriss today.

—The British steamer Mariner, 1,555 tons, Captain Morrison, master, arrived in port yesterday from Huiva, Spain, with cargo of pyrites for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. The vessel was consigned to Alex. Sprunt & Son, agents.

—Albert Stanley, colored, is in jail charged with the embezzlement of about $15 from his employer, Mr. John W. Plummer. The negro was arrested by Constable John H. Davis. The case comes up before Justice Geo. Harriss today.

NEW BOARD OF ELECTIONS

Mr. C. W. Woodward Chairman and Mr. Eben Piner Secretary—Organization Meeting.

The organization meeting of the new County Board of Elections, composed of Messrs. C. W. Woodward, Eben Piner and Wm. Struthers, Jr., was held yesterday at noon in the office of Jos. W. Little, Esq., chairman of the County Democratic Executive Committee, at which time Mr. Woodward was elected chairman and Mr. Piner secretary.

Other than the election of officers, the board took no action of any kind, though the meeting lasted for about three-quarters of an hour.

When the board had assembled, upon motion of Mr. Woodward Mr. William Struthers, Jr., was made temporary chairman. Mr. Struthers declared the meeting open and ready to proceed with the election of a permanent chairman. Mr. Piner nominated Mr. Woodward for the permanent chairmanship, and the motion prevailed.

Mr. Struthers, the Republican member of the board, who has served on the body for the past 12 years, and who has served as secretary for a number of years, announced that he would not again be a candidate for the secretaryship, taking the position that he has already served his time in this position, which involves no small amount of work.

Chairman Woodward then nominated Mr. Piner for the position of secretary, and the motion was seconded by Mr. Struthers.

Messrs. Woodward and Piner having just entered upon their duties. Mr. Struthers went over their duties with them, explaining the different matters that would demand the attention of the board.

There was some discussion as to the appointment of registrars and poll holders for the general election of November 3rd, but the board took no action at the meeting yesterday, adjourning to meet subject to the call of the chairman at a later date this month.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. F. Stanland, of Seagate, left yesterday for Newbern to visit friends.

—Mr. L. Rouse, of Kinston, is visiting his father, Mr .L. N. Rouse, of Seagate.

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Mr. L. A. Williamson, of Wilmington, is spending Labor Day in the city.——Mr. Gordan B. Stewart, of Wilmington, was a visitor in the city yesterday."

NEGRO KILLED BY TRAIN.

Attempted to Alight From Excursion and Had Both Legs Cut Off.

Attempting to alight from an outbound excursion train to Newbern, at the intersection of Eighth street and the Atlantic Coast Line tracks, yesterday morning at 7:40 o'clock, Henry Swann, colored, received injuries from which he died at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Swann is supposed to have boarded the train at the union station, and to have attempted to swing off the moving cars at Eighth street. In some manner he lost his balance and was thrown under the wheels. Both legs were crushed off, one above the knee and the other below the knee.

The injured negro was carried to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where everything possible was done to save his life, but to no avail. He lingered until 12:30 o'clock, at which time death ensued.

CLARK AND CRAIG DEBATE LABOR DAY

(Continued From Page Five)

to Wilmington to give his endorsement to labor. The only man entitled to respectability in this world, said he, is the man who works, and there is no place in the world for the man who will not work.

All Men Not Equal.

Although 140 years ago our fathers declared that all men are equal, he continued, that principle is far from being realized at the present day. There is no difference by nature for we are all equal at birth but the difference is created by environment. The reason there are so many illiterate people and so many poor people is because they have not had an opportunity to better themselves. The Governor stated that he was no socialist but he was in favor of every man being given what he earned.

He expressed the hope that the time would soon come when these problems would be solved. He believed that progress was being made in this direction, even though slowly.

Women Don't Want Ballot.

As for women voting he was in favor of their having the ballot, if it was because of their character for certainly placed on this basis they were justly entitled to it. But the women of North Carolina, he declared, have not asked for the right to vote.

Women are not judged by their right to vote, he continued, but by their influence. Without the ballot they have been the power behind the throne and have inspired the men with high ideals. He recalled the prominent part that the women have taken in the fight for prohibition and stated that when National prohibition is brought about that he wanted a monument erected in Washington as a memorial to their zeal in this great cause.

Conditions Different Here.

"I want it distinctly understood," said he referring to the initiative and referendum, "that North Carolina Democrats don't follow Senator Lodge except as their views of things may coincide with his."

He declared that he had the greatest admiration for Bryan and Wilson but that they would not have men accept their views as dogmas. If he lived in New Jersey or Nebraska, the Governor declared that he would favor this measure, too, but he was indeed thankful that North Carolina was not as bad as these states. As for recalling legislators they are only elected for two years, he said, and if the people wanted to recall them they would have to begin almost before they started to the legislature, if they wanted to get them out before their terms expired.

If he was in favor of the initiative and referendum at all he would want to follow it to its logical conclusion and have judicial recall of decisions also for judges are able to make laws and there is no way to unmake them.

He was not particularly against the measure, he declared, but he thought that sufficient progress was being made without it and he doubted if it would help matters any in this state.

The Governor was applauded when he had finished. The audience insisted upon hearing from Dr. Anderson and he spoke briefly, expressing his great pleasure in being present on such an occasion.

SEASON AT BEACH ENDS.

Last Concert by Richardson's Orchestra Given at the Beach Last Night.

The season of 1914 at Lumina ended last night, this being by long odds the best that the beach has ever had, especially when the depressed conditions of the last six weeks is taken into consideration. The hotels and boarding houses did a big business during June and July and the early part of August.

Chief among the reasons why Lumina has enjoyed such a successful season has been the splendid music rendered by Richardson's New York Orchestra, under the personal direction of Mr. Don Richardson, a native of Sampson county, although for several years a resident of New York, where he has achieved marked success as a musician. Another feature has been the artistic and skilled dancing by Miss Chanler and Mr. West. The motion pictures added their share to the amusement and all in all it has been a varied and enjoyable programme that has been rendered each night this summer.

Mr. Richardson and the members of his orchestra have made many friends during their stay in Wilmington, who hope that they will return for the next season. They leave this morning for Clinton, where they will give a concert tonight. They will then go to Mt. Olive, Kinston and Wilson. They will be accompanied by Miss Chanler and Mr. West, who will give dancing exhibitions in connection with the concerts.

While his orchestra will not accompany him further than Wilson Mr. Richardson will visit Fayetteville, Raleigh, Greensboro, Salisbury and Charlotte. He will go from Charlotte to Brunswick, Ga., where he will spend several weeks with Mrs. Richardson's parents, after which they will go to the mountains of the State for a short stay before returning to New York for the winter.

"MY COUSIN JIMMY."

Delightful Entertainment at First Baptist Church Tonight.

"My Cousin Jimmy" is the title of a play to be given by the Y. W. C. A. Juniors in the Sunday school room of the First Baptist church this evening at 8:30 o'clock. Miss Jennie Wood has been training the young folks who will take part. A most delightful evening is assured all who attend. A silver offering will be taken for the mountain schools. The cast of characters is as follows:

Miss Bertha Alderney—School Teacher .. ..Lidie Penton
Bonnie Holland—A recent arrival .. ..Eliza Collins
Fudge Tootley—Her chum .. ..Josie Lathrop
Stella Mayburn—Formerly very popular .. .. ..Cornelia Foster
Rita Garland .. ..Ione Foster
Millie Jones .. ..Arabella Gore
Mollie Spooner .. .. .. Mary Johnston
Leah Parkhurst .. ..Cecil Rhodes
Hope Bates .. ..Florence Scott
Avis Danforth .. .. .Belle Rhodes
Martha Spink .. ..Arline Stanland
Jonas Chorker—The Gardener .. ..Edward DeRuiter
Maggie Binns—The Maid Mary Lathrop
Prof. Timothy Addles .. ..Joe LeMoyne

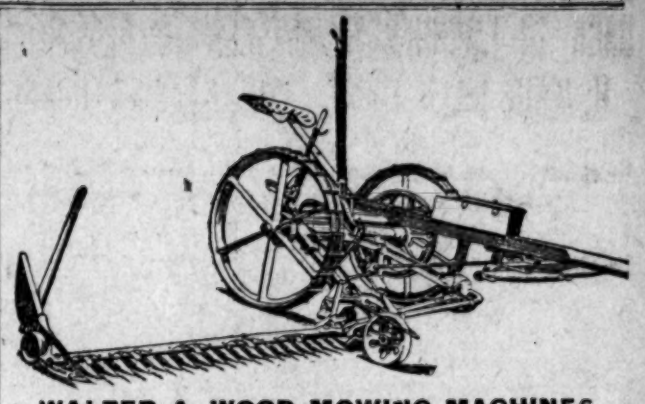
Death of Little Son.

Mr. E. H. Dement yesterday received a telegram from Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Davis, of Robbins, S. C., announcing the death of their little son, Bernice, aged three years, which occurred yesterday at noon. Accompanying the remains, the grief-stricken parents arrived in the city last midnight, and this morning will proceed to Currie, the home of Mrs. Davis, where the interment will take place. Mrs. Davis is a niece of Mr. Dement. Mr. Davis is the A. C. L. agent at Robbins, S. C.

CASCADENCE
THE NEW CREPE SILK
With a Satin Face
A. L. Brown
Headquarters for Silks

VICTORIA
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
"Little Lord Robert"
The Greatest Lilliputian Comedian; Age, 22; Height, 24 Inches; Weight, 15 Pounds.
TWISTO
A Sensational Novelty Act.
MORIN SISTERS
Two Dainty Singers and Dancers
Brown, Delmere & Brown
A Night on the Wharf.
2—COMEDY PHOTO PLAYS—2
Daily Matinee 3:30. Two Night Shows 7:30 and 9:00 P. M.
MATINEE: Children, 10c. Adults, 15c. NIGHTS, 15c AND 25c.

STOMACH
—OUT OF FIX?—
If you suffer with dyspepsia or indigestion, telephone your grocer to send you one dozen pints SHIVAR GINGER ALE. Drink one pint with each meal and, if not relieved, your grocer is authorized to charge it to the manufacturer.
SHIVAR GINGER ALE
TONIC - DIGESTIVE - DELICIOUS
Is prepared with the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Sold under a positive guarantee to relieve any case of dyspepsia or indigestion, or your money refunded.
Bottled by
SHIVAR SPRING, SHELTON, S. C.
If your grocer has none in stock, tell him to telephone
E. L. MATHEWS CANDY CO.
Distributors for Wilmington.


WALTER A. WOOD MOWING MACHINES AND HORSE RAKES
We are this day receiving our first carload of these Superior Machines. We will put them up against any machine sold and controlled by the great Harvester Trust.
WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
East Carolina Distributing Agents.
PURCELL BUILDING. WILMINGTON, N. C.

ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT
We are now receiving cargo of 18,000 Bags Alpha Portland Cement, and offer this high grade material at attractive prices.
We respectfully solicit your orders.
W. B Thorpe & Company
'Phone 789.

GRAND
TODAY
"ACROSS THE BURNING TRESTLE."
A Spectacular and Thrilling Feature.
"BRONCHO BILLY PUTS ONE OVER."
Western Love Story with G. M. Anderson.
Lubin Comedy:
"SHE WANTED TO KNOW."
A Story of Why His Wife Was Cold.
Kalem:
"THE FATE OF A SQUAW."
With Mona Darkfeather and Charles Bartlett.
ADMISSION ONLY 5 CENTS.

A Wilmington Merchant Speaks
L. H. Partin, of 505 Chestnut St., Tells a Story of Interest to Wilmington Residents.
We all know Mr. Partin and can rely on his word. This is the kind of proof we want nowadays, proof from someone we know and esteem. Mr. Partin's story is fraught with importance to all Wilmington people who are afflicted with the many ills that come with a bad back and disordered kidneys.
Here's the story in his own words:
"My back was weak and lame," says Mr. Partin, and I had acute pains across my loins. The secretions from my kidneys were highly colored and filled with sediment, and caused me much distress when being voided. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I got a box from Bellamy's Drug Store and began using them according to directions. They acted just as represented and drove away all the symptoms of my complaint. I am pleased to confirm the former endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills."
Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Partin had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

RICE BIRDS
Now is the time, and I have the right kind of Shells and Shot.
Marsh Hens—I've got the stuff for them, too.
Gasoline Engines, Genuine Old Town Canoes, Cable Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces, Tents, Plows, Harrows and Cultivators, all kinds. House Furnishing Goods, Tools, Crockery.
The Foard Hardware Store
29 SO. FRONT ST.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"
"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," said a wise man. We believe him, and so do you, but do you practice your convictions? With all the known methods of sanitation at your command, and a strict adherence to them, you are then sometimes sick. Did you ever seriously question why? Perhaps it is the Ice you are using. Be certain that it is not. Use Plate Ice. No serious consequences.
WHOLESOME SANITARY ECONOMIC
PLATE ICE COMPANY
'Phones 695 and 696. 5—7—9 Orange St.

THE KANGAROO
The Terrors of Old New Orleans
In Five Acts by Harry Dickson. Dealing Forcefully With an Episode in the History of the Slave Holding State, 1834-1835
GREATEST PICTURE of the AGE
Also a Rousing Big KEYSTONE Comedy
TODAY ONLY
BIJOU 5c

TAR BARRELS FOR SALE
CAPE FEAR OIL COMPANY
Wilmington, N. C. Phone 873

IF YOU ARE
Troubled With Mosquitoes
Spray Shepard's House Fly and Insect Exterminator around where you are sitting or around your bed
KILLS ALL INSECTS
Endorsed and Recommended by Leading Physicians.
A Pine Tar Preparation, the Fumes of which are Beneficial for People to Breathe.
For Sale at All First Class Stores
MANUFACTURED AND GUARANTEED BY
SHEPARD'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C. Phone 359
Under the Insectecede Act of June 30, 1910, Serial Number 842.

STORAGE WAREHOUSES
If your town is building a Storage Warehouse, remember, you can get the Plates, Star Washers, Truss Rods, and All the Iron Required, at the Right Prices, from
Wilmington Iron Works
"THE IRON MEN."

'LIVEN UP'
A sluggish liver is the cause of many of mankind's aches and pains. Don't try to wish away that "slow drag feeling." Let us send you a package of A. D. S. HEPATIC SALTS—25 and 50 cent sizes. Especially beneficial in cases of Rheumatism and Gout.
N. B.—We have recently purchased a large stock of delightfully perfumed VIOLET BORATED TALCUM POWDER—one pound cans—which we will sell for 25 cents. It's a really delightful toilet necessity. Call for Hardin's Brand.
1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914
QUICK DELIVERY SPECIALISTS.
'Phone 55. 126 So. Front St.

BACK TO EMERGENCY REVENUE BILLS TODAY

Congress to Resume Work After Brief Recess

Committee Hopes to Report Bill by Thursday and Underwood Thinks House Can Pass It on Saturday.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Following a brief Labor Day recess, the first of the prolonged session, Congress will resume work tomorrow, chief interest centering in the emergency revenue bill to raise $100,000,000. The House Ways and Means committee hopes by Thursday to agree upon commodities to be taxed. Representative Underwood, chairman of the committee, believes the House can pass the bill by Saturday.

Informal conferences today resulted in no definite understanding as to what commodities should be taxed other than beer, proprietary preparations, and soft drinks. Committee members still insist gasoline should be taxed and that the arguments against it are not well founded.

Several members of the committee still are insistent that an additional tax should be levied on distilled liquors and the question probably will be decided by a record vote in the committee. Taxes on automobiles and moving pictures appeared tonight the most likely additions to the list.

Finance Committee Anxious.

Members of the Finance committee are anxious to have the revenue bill in the House. They hope to be able to accept the House bill, but many Senators favor a stamp tax on commercial paper which the House committee is inclined to avoid. This tax during the Spanish-American war yielded nearly $40,000,000.

Thus far all the plans of the Ways and Means committee have been on a basis ignoring a stamp tax, but if agreement cannot be reached on taxable commodities that will yield $35,000,000 in addition to the $75,000,000 already tentatively provided for, it may be necessary to adopt a stamp tax. This may be limited, however, to checks, drafts, telegrams, telephone messages instead of being applied to conveyances, deeds, mortgages and all legal papers as was done in 1898.

NEGRO RUSHED TO JAIL TO ESCAPE ANGRY BLACKS.

Result of Homicide at Grifton—Much Excitement Caused.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 7.—Joe Daniels, colored, spirited into Kinston to prevent a possible lynching by members of his own race, is in Lenoir county jail here, held for murder at Grifton. Daniels shot up a restaurant in Grifton, killing Levi Morris and seriously wounding Henry Waters, negroes.

Daniels is alleged to have confessed, saying Waters angered him by request for payment for whiskey which he had sold him on credit. Daniels drew a revolver and, standing in the restaurant door, commenced firing into the crowd of blacks on the inside, it is alleged. The first shot bored through Waters' left shoulder and penetrated Morris' right breast, killing him instantly. Morris was the proprietor.

The slayer fled through the streets, firing back at the mob of whites and negroes who pursued. He was lost in the woods beyond the town, until a brother of Morris found him. Daniels drew, but the other shot him down. The murderer had a load of small shot in his head. He ran into a corn field.

After he had been ineffectually fired at, the pursuers took Daniels in the field. The authorities hurried him here in an automobile before the threatening mob could organize. Morris was popular with his race.

BURGAW SCHOOL OPENS.

"Free Rangers" Meet—Dr. P. E. Lucas to Locate for Practice.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., Sept. 7.—The Burgaw high school opened this morning, under the most favorable auspices, and with the largest enrollment in its history, the number being 184. This number will be very largely increased a little later. The probability is there will be not less than 250. In the high school department there was a very notable increase, there being 46 in this department. The faculty this year is the same as last except the high school assistant, who is Miss Pauline Perry.

The "free rangers" met here today and endorsed Mr. J. B. Scott for the House, making no further endorsements or recommendations. The Democratic primary will be held next Saturday week, the 19th. All the candidates for the county offices were here today, looking after their interests.

Dr. P. E. Lucas, of Currie, was here today and informs your correspondent that he has definitely decided to remain here and locate for the practice of his profession. He is a son or the late Dr. Geo. F. Lucas, of Currie, who was well known throughout this whole section, and he will be cordially welcomed in this field.

WAKE FOREST SENIORS.

Class Holds Annual Election—Dr. Love Preaches Two Sermons.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., Sept. 7.—The senior class of Wake Forest College of the session 1914-15, met in Wingate Memorial Hall Friday and organized with the election of Mr. John Morris Gatling, of Bertie county, president.

Mr. Gatling is a very popular and competent young man. Last year he was one of the anniversary speakers, and at present is a member of the Y. M. C. A. cabinet, being corresponding secretary.

The other officers are: E. B. Whitehurst, vice president; J. E. Bobbitt, secretary; B. M. Watkins, historian; Bahnson Weathers, treasurer; J. R. Parker, prophet; M. H. Jones, orator; Grady Dotson, statistician; J. R. Allen, poet; L. S. Brassfield, testator.

In the first meeting there were 64 present. Several more have come in since Friday. The indications are that there will be 70 or 75 in the class.

Dr. J. F. Love, of Richmond, Va., home secretary of our Foreign Mission field, occupied the pulpit at both morning and evening services yesterday. He appealed to the young men to educate themselves along foreign mission lines.

TO RELIEVE INSOMNIA
Take Horsfords Acid Phosphate
In water before retiring quiets the nerves and induces refreshing sleep.
(advertisement.)

AMERICA TO BECOME THE CLEARING HOUSE

For All International Intercourse, Says Gompers

Has the Opportunity to Become the World's Banker, What Will Her Moral Influence Be?—Labor Leader Speaks.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in an address today in connection with labor day ceremonies here, pointed out the opportunities of American commerce and American workers to be derived from the chaotic conditions of all lines of commerce in Europe incident to the war.

Referring to the celebration of Labor Day this year in the week set apart for the celebration of the anniversary of a hundreds years of peace between the United States and Great Britain, Mr. Gompers said:

"By some strange chance of fortune, when the time for this celebration was near, when men's thougnt were of peace and the ways of peace, the countries of the western civilization are suddenly plunged into a titanic struggle, a stupendous death grapple for existence, with weapons so deadly that human lives are being spent with mad extravagance.

"In this collossal horror that has befallen the peoples of Europe the eyes and hopes of all turn to America for sustaining aid. Our fervent desire is that she may prove herself worthy of the great service that lies ahead of her.

"While all the other great countries have halted the normal interests of life, America alone maintains her wonted peace and friendliness toward all mankind. America is to become the clearing house for all international intercourse. She has the opportunity to become the world's banker. Hre great power and influence are moral. Whether that power and influence shall be used as befits a great and a free people will determine her future greatness. May she prove to the world that there is such a thing as international morality and may she help the warring nations back to a plane of peace and justice, is the earnest desire of America's workers and all her citizens."

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Mariner (Br.), Morrison, 1,555 tons, Huelva, Spain, Alex. Sprunt & Sons, agents.

Str. Navahoe, Packer, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Gorredijk (Dutch), 4,110 tons, J. Van Dulken, Heide & Co.

Str. Lena (Br.), 2,679 tons, Chartres, Heide & Co.

Str. Mariner (Br.), 1,555 tons, Morrison, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Richard Linthicum, 192 tons, Roberts, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. Florence Howard, 680 tons, Farrow, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. Millie R. Bohannon, 579 tons, Stille, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

PLANNING "BABY SHOW".

To Be Held in Connection with Greensboro Fair.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, Sept. 6.—The Greensboro Women's Club is planning the "Baby Show" to be held in connection with the Central Carolina Fair next month on an even larger scale than last year. Babies from anywhere in North Carolina are entitled to enter and compete for prizes. The fair will be October 12 to 16. Parents who will have their babies at the fair are requested to write Dr. W. M. Jones, Greensboro, N. C., and tell him what day their baby wil lattend the fair. Cash prizes and silver cups will be given to the babies scoring highest. Physicians and trained nurses examine the babies. Certificates of examination are given and special prizes for improvement are offered. Greensboro examined 450 babies last year from Guilford county. This year the woman's club is making the affair State wide. Address Dr. Jones for any further information.

London, Sept. 7.—Word was received from Dublin today of the death in Austria Saturday of Mrs. Richard Croker, wife of the former leader of Tammany Hall.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.
(advertisement.)

AMERICANS WERE WELL TREATED IN GERMANY

Hundreds Returning From There so Certify

Sign Statement That Reports That Germans Ill-Treated Americans Are False—Travel Was Fairly Safe.

New York, Sept. 7.—Passengers on the Holland-American liner Rotterdam, all of whom were in Germany during the present hostilities and who arrived today from Rotterdam, signed a statement declaring false the reports that Americans had been ill-treated in Germany. The statement closed with the request that a copy be forwarded to President Wilson and Secretary Bryan and was signed by a number of ministers and several hundred others. The statement in part follows:

"That reports regarding ill-treatment of Americans by Germans, emanating from English and French sources are absolutely false.

"Travel through Germany, as far as the extraordinary circumstances permitted, was safe. Officials and all classes of the people were friendly and helpful.

"No well authenticated atrocities were perpetrated by German troops. All German official war bulletins were confirmed.

"In our judgment the distorted reports to America were sent out to create sentiment in favor of the powers arrayed against Germany.

"We ask Americans to suspend judgment until they can make an impartial investigation of the causes of the war.

"It is our conviction that the war has been forced upon Germany by those nations that are jealous of her growing industrial and commercial importance and for this reason are ready and anxious to destroy here as a peopie.

"We hereby request the Associated Press to forward a copy of this paper to the President of the United States and the Secretary of State."

MOST VALUABLE COTTON CROP

New Orleans, Sept. 7.—The cotton crop of 1913-14 was the most valuable ever raised by the South or any other cotton growing section of the world. Including cotton seed, H. G. Hester, secertary of the New Orleans cotton exchange, estimates that it brought $1,114,502,336.

The average price for middling cotton during the year was 13.49 cents, while the average price per bale was $68.06. The total value of cotton, exclusive of the seed, was $957,902,336, which compares with $870,035,059 for the preceding year; $810,280,764 wto years ago and $917,355,589 three years ago.

NOVEL MASSAGE CREAM
Perfect Skin Food That Removes Wrinkles and Clears Complexion
The most delicate skin will quickly respond to the soothing and tonic effects of Hokara and when this pure skin cream is used, pimples are soon a thing of the past.
As a massage cream or after shaving it is unequaled removing all irritations, and making the skin soft and velvety.
Apply a little to the hands or face after washing and surprise yourself with the dead skin that comes off.
Hokara is the only antiseptic massage cream, and pimples, eczema and all skin blemishes soon disappear when it is used.
Although far superior to the ordinary massage creams and sold on a guarantee of "best you ever used or money back," yet the price is a trifle, only 25c for a liberal jar; larger size 50c.
Sold on a guarantee by—J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.
(advertisement.)

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, August 31st, 1914.

In the matter of the administration of the estate of Harriet Hunter, deceased.

Administrator's Notice to Creditors:

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of Harriet Hunter, deceased, late of New Hanover County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to exhibit them to the undersigned at Wilmington, North Carolina, at the office of the Atlantic Trust and Banking Co. on or before the 31st day of August, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons who are indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

The day and year above written.

ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.
Administrator of Harriet Hunter, deceased.

se1-1aw6w

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.
September 8, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 71 degrees; at 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 91 degrees; minimum, 67 degrees; mean, 79 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, .46 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 2.8 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy Tuesday, cooler in interior at night; Wednesday, cloudy.

The Port Calendar, Sept. 6, 1914.

Sun rises ... ... 5:50 A. M.
Sun sets ... ... 6:29 P. M.
Day's length ... ... 12 hrs. 39 min.

The Tides.

	High Water. AM.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Wilmington	12:10	12:00	7:16	7:53
Southport	10:05	10:17	4:07	4:35
Masonboro Inl	9:54	10:06	3:47	4:15

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
September 7, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	88	70	.0
Asheville	cloudy	84	58	.0
Atlanta	clear	90	72	.0
Augusta	clear	94	70	.0
Birmingh	clear	92	66	.0
Boston	clear	84	66	.0
Charleston	clear	90	74	.0
Charlotte	pt cldy	92	66	.0
Chicago	rain	62	62	.0
Galveston	clear	88	82	.0
Jacksonv	clear	88	74	.0
Memphis	clear	92	74	.0
Mobile	clear	92	70	.0
Montgom'y	clear	92	64	.0
New Orl.	clear	90	76	.0
New York	clear	82	68	.0
Oklahoma	clear	92	70	.0
Palestine	clear	92	72	.0
Pittsburg	pt cldy	74	64	.0
Raleigh	clear	92	70	.0
Savannah	clear	90	74	.0
Shreveport	clear	90	72	.0
St. Louis	cldy	78	70	.04
Washing'n	clear	88	68	.0

Read Star Business Locals.

MULLETS
200 Kegs SEPTEMBER MULLETS
100 lbs. to keg.
Prompt shipment and low price.
LOVE & WOODY
Wholesale Grocers.
112 North Water Street.
Phone 809.

UNIFORMS WANTED
Sealed proposals will be received until Tuesday, September 15th, 1914, at 12 o'clock, Noon, at the office of the Chief of Police, for furnishing fifty to seventy-five uniforms for the Police and Fire Departments of the City of Wilmington. Samples showing original mill numbers (half yard) Oswego serge, Charlottesville or Oak Mills 16 oz. blue cloth must be submitted with proposals. Specifications and all necessary information as to style and make-up can be obtained from the Chiefs of the Departments, respectively. Successful bidder must deposit certified check for $100 to guarantee contract.
W. F. JONES,
Councilman.
se5-sa,tu-td

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Wilmington, N. C.
SPECIALTIES:
Flour, Rice, Coffee, Molasses, Cakes, Candy and Drug Specialties.
Write for prices and call to see us, when in city.

Beauty Editor Advises on Superfluous Hair
A well known beauty editor writes: "Avoid painful electric operations and evil-smelling, skin-burning depilatories for removing superfluous hair. Mrs. Osgood's Wonder will speedily clear the face, neck, arms or any other part of the body of all unwelcome hair. This harmless prescription is being universally used and endorsed by leading society and professional women everywhere.
Every woman should know that Mrs. Osgood's Wonder is the finest and surest remedy for hair blemishes. You can try it without risk by depositing its small purchase price with J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., or at any leading druggist or toilet counter. If it fails, return the empty package and get your money back, as agreed in signed guarantee which comes in every package.

DAVID'S
FINAL REDUCTION
Don't consider these low prices; think most of the immense values that
HART SCHAFFNER AND MARX
clothes offer, regardless of price. Let the added value in the way of price reductions simply double your conviction that now's the time to buy. There's no getting away from values like these.

$27.50 Suit now	$22.50
$25.00 Suit now	21.00
$23.50 Suit now	19.50
$22.50 Suit now	18.00
$21.00 Suit now	16.50
$20.00 Suit now	15.50
$18.00 Suit now	13.50

25% off on Boys' Knickerbocker Suits.
The Largest and Best Assortment of Wardrobe Trunks in the City.
Come in and look them over; prices $20.00 up.
THE A. DAVID COMPANY
Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Furnishers

PUMPS

This Working Head is worked by hand, windmill or belt. It is a beauty. Built strong and does the work satisfactorily.
Force Pumps and Gas Engines
All Styles and Lowest Prices for Good Goods.

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25 PER CENT OFF
On Men's, Boys' and Childrens' Clothing. Straw and Panama Hats at Half Price.
FLEET-DAVIS CO.
'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

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ON THE WAY
and you'll be glad to hurry, if your teeth have been paining you. They may need attention, if they don't hurt just now, so you'd better have us exam ine them. You can't find a better place.
REST ASSURED
that our work in every detail and the price will be perfectly satisfactory. Our dental work looks well and wears well, too.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Painless Extraction of Teeth.
DR. CULBRETH'S Dentalarlors
'PHONE 608. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

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Fall Styles —in— Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Suits.
Modes for Men and Boys
Fall and Winter 1914-1915 Clothing
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Our shelves are stocked with the newest things for Fall and Winter Suits, Hats, Caps and Underwear. We have what you want at the right price.
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One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.
'Phone No. 617. No. 9 N. Front St.

The GREATEST Stunt Ever Pulled Off in WILMINGTON
On the 24th day of December we will absolutely GIVE away FREE a handsome PLAYER PIANO.
In the meantime, we will give away FIVE GOLD WATCHES and quite a lot of Silverware; Spoons, Forks, Knives, etc.
Remember, all these things will be GIVEN away.
Come to us and we will tell you all about it.

Ammen's Prickly Heat Powder. The best remedy for the purpose on the market.
Come and take a look at the latest thing in Toilet Waters and Perfumes. The perfect flower preserved in each bottle. The Most Beautiful Thing you have ever seen.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY
The Specializers in Drug Store Goods.

NEW SEPTEMBER MULLETS
SEND ORDERS TO
SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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WILMINGTON, N. C.

500 bags Arab Feed.
400 Spirit Casks.
Half car Hoop Iron.
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Also Corn, Meal, Wheat Bran, Wheat Middlings and all other goods usually handled by wholesale grocers. Send your orders in to
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Hack calls up to five passengers, $1.00
Good new cars. Day or night.
Phone 741. No. 5 N. Third St.
W. G. FOUNTAIN.

NOT ENOUGH MONEY IS PROVIDED FOR

Says Committee on Finance for Cotton Crop

FURTHER ACTION URGED

Both Special Committees From the Governor's Conference Meet in Raleigh and Lay Plans—Pamphle tto Be Issued.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 7.—The two special committees from the Governor's conference on the cotton situation, one with Dr. Clarence Poe as chairman, to advise the people as to facilities for financing and holding the crop, and the other with Col. J. Bryan Grimes as chairman, to report as to details for warehousing and certifying the crop for commercial purposes, held sessions here today and issued statements.

Dr. Poe's committee with J. A. Brown, of Columbus; C. W. Mitchell, Aulander; T. B. Parker, and W. R. Camp, of Raleigh, present, held a conference with President Joseph G. Brown and Secretary E. B. Crow, of the North Carolina Currency Association, and then adopted resolutions as follows:

Not Adequate Yet.

"Whereas, It is the conviction of this committee that every ponud of cotton produced under average conditions sold at less than 10 cents a pound is sold at a sacrifice, sold without profit to producer, and at bare wages for the labor and capital involved. We hold, therefore, that a minimum requirement of the present situation is that enough currency should be advanced to enable farmers to hold sufficient cotton off the market to bring it to this bare cost of production level, and,

"Whereas, In view of the fact that the capital and surplus of North Carolina national banks amount to only $10,000,000 and that only $7,000,000 emergency currency could probably be issued to them and only $5,000,000 to that portion now in our North Carolina Currency Association with no certainty as to what proportion will be available for loans on cotton, therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the committee on cotton crop finance, appointed by the Governor of North Carolina,

"First. It is our conviction that the provisions for emergency currency, etc., so far adopted are inadequate to meet the present needs of our people. We do not believe that under present conditions sufficient emergency currency can be issued to finance the North Carolina crop while we feel that the organization of reserve banks is being unduly delayed, and no provisions have yet been made to insure the use of this emergency currency for crop financing purposes, therefore.

"Second. We urge either that Congress provide for emergency currency based on warehouse certificates to be issued in addition to the per cent already available on capital and surplus; or if this be impossible of accomplishment, then provision for allowing State and private banks to issue emergency currency to tide over the present crisis. Moreover, we further declare our conviction that present conditions imperatively demand that our Southern senators and representatives should arouse themselves to its seriousness, and that Governor Craig should name a committee to go to Washington to urge it upon them, and that these congressmen should meet in special conference every day until adequate measures for the relief of our section are adopted."

Col. Grimes' Committee.

The committee on warehousing and certifying cotton directed Chairman Grimes to issue a statement in leaflet form to the cotton growers and others interested, this to set out a system of warehousing and form of certificates recommended, together with a form of note to be used with cotton as collateral. The plan provides for either taking the cotton in storage and making advances on it or housing and certifying it on a co-operative plan. There can be a central warehouse at the county seat and then there can be branch warehouses at the discretion of the management, it being possible to designate a certain planter's barn or other outhouse as a branch warehouse and issue the certificates or deposit on the strength of this after a bonded officer has duly taken possession. The warehouses may guarantee within three pounds per bale the weight of cotton stored.

The committe urged that the farmers see to it that not more than 40 per cent of a normal crop be grown next year. Also, that all the cotton growing States be urged to get together on some effective plan for protecting the crop from disaster. Other members of this committee sharing in the preparation of these plans with Colonel Grimes were R. F. Shelton, Edgecombe; A. J. McKinnon, of Maxton, and Dr. J. M. Templeton, of Wake.

Dr. Poe's committee also adopted resolutions urging that the farmers in each of the cotton growing counties meet at their county seats on September 15 to further develop local plans for warehousing, financing and holding cotton.

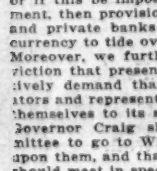
A. & M. FOOTBALL ELEVEN HERALDED AS BEST EVER.

Captain Plyler Will Issue Call for Volunteers This Week.

West Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 7.—With the old men back in college and second string material also back on the campus, the A. & M. College will have the best team in the history of the college. McDougal, left end; Seifert, left end; Van Brocklin, quarter back; Tenney, full back; "Bottle Anthony," right end; Riddick, right guard; Winston, right tackle; Cooke, right tackle, have returned to college and will report for practice this week. Captain Plyler will also arrive this week and will issue the call for candidates. Townsend and Sharp, new men, will report for practice.

Ferderber, McHenry, Scarry, Sullivan, Osborne, Aus Anthony and Hurtt will not be back. Townsend and Sharp are in college and will also report.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE, NO. 1, A. F. & A. M.



Stated communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock, sharp, for the transaction of business for the lodge. Alll members are expected to attend.

Visiting Masons will be cordially welcomed. By order of the Master.

A. S. HOLDEN,
Secretary.

se8-1t

STATE COMMISSIONER TO BALTIMORE EVENT

Col. Lamb Will Attend the Centennial

Fatal Cutting Affair in Raleigh—Jovians Have Exercises—Second District Appeals—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 7.—Governor Craig commissioned Col. Wilson G. Lamb, of Williamston, as the special representative of the State at the National Star Spangled Banner Centennial celebration at Baltimore. Col. Lamb is now in Baltimore and his commission was sent to him there today by special delivery.

Willie Drew may be fatally cut and two other negroes are right seriously carved as the result of a negro "free-for-all" fight last night in South Park, a negro section of Raleigh. The Drew negro is in St. Agnes Hospital. James Young is in the city prison awaiting the result of the wounds he inflicted, the charge to be murder in the event the Young negro dies.

This was rejuvenation day for the Jovians of Raleigh and the entire State with numbers of Jovians here from other States for the business and the fun features of the meeting in which nearly all the prominent electricians of the State participated. The business sessions were as usual secret. There was a big parade that was featured by spectacular electrical display early in the evening followed by a big banquet later in the evening. In the public meeting the Jovians were welcomed by Mayor James I. Johnson and President John C. Drewry, of the Chamber of Commerce. The responses were by Alternate Statesman J. B. Booth, Jr., and Statesman J. S. Hammack. There was an address on "Co-operation" by P. A. Tillery, chief engineer of the Carolina Power and Light Co. There was an address on "The Jovian Order" by M. V. Hammack. At the banquet M. W. Tyree was master of ceremonies.

For services in the Raleigh Episcopal churches and in practically all the Episcopal churches throughout the State there is being used now a special prayer for the nations at war and the hostile armies that face each other, the prayer being one that Rt. Rev. Joseph Blount Cheshire, bishop of the diocese of North Carolina, has directed to be used especially for this purpose. This prayer was offered by Dr. I. McK. Pittinger at the Church of the Good Shepherd yesterday.

The Waldenstein Hosiery Mills, Inc., of Waldese, Burke county, received a charter today with $125,000 capital authorized and $34,000 subscribed for spinning, knitting and weaving cotton, wool and silk fabrics and dyeing and otherwise finishing products. The incorporators are Francis Garrou, J. L. Garrou and Henry and Albert Garrou and F. Perrou.

A certificate of dissolution is filed for the Kidder Lumber Co., of Wilmington, George W. Kidder, president. Another dissolution is for the Millard Livery Co., of Asheville, of which R. N. BMillard has been the agent in charge.

Second district appeals will be called Tuesday morning for argument before the Supreme Court. The appeals in the order in which they are to be heard follow: State vs. Norfolk Southern Railroad Co.; Co xvs. Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.; Jewelry Co. vs. Jones; Jewelry Co. vs. Pittman Bros.; Tomlinson Co. vs. Morgan; Johnson vs. Board Education; Leggett vs. Railroad; Brown vs. Brown; Nelson vs. Railroad; Bunn vs. Railroad; Sears vs. Railroad; Parks vs. Critcher; Hill vs. Railroad; Brantley vs. Marshburn.

There has been anxiety as to the safety of W. P. Whitaker, Jr., son of W. P. Whitaker, who was business manager of The Raleigh Morning Post for a number of years, the young man being on a trip through Europe with latest advices that he had left Rone some weeks ago for Berlin. Now comes the news, however, that he is safe in Venice, where he has taken a position in the American consulate.

Annual Banquet Tonight.

When the Raleigh Chamber of Commerce holds its annual banquet tomorrow evening a toast response of especial interest will be that by President Fairfax Harrison, of the Southern Railway Co., on "The Future of the Southern Railway in North Carolina." President Harrison has given assurances that he will be here to share the pleasures of the banquet and to respond to this toast.

Land and Industrial Agent M. V. Richards, of the Southern, will also be here and will deliver a toast response, "The Past, Present and Future of Raleigh as Seen by Land and Industrial Agent of the Southern Railway During the Nineteen Years of His Official Service." The Atlantic Coast Line is to be represented by Frank S. Spruill as division counsel and by George B. Elliott, of Wilmington, assistant general counsel. President J. H. Young, of the Norfolk-Southern, will be here to speak for his line of railway which has come to be such a great factor in the progress of Raleigh and all of Eastern and Piedmont Carolina. It has not been determined yet just who will speak for the Seaboard Air Line.

One other visiting speaker in whose toast response much interest centers in that of Bion H. Butler, well known writer, who will speak on the unique them, "It is Your Move," setting out some things that it seems to him to be up to Raleigh to do.

JONES FARMERS OPTIMISTIC.

Things Look Prosperous Around Pollocksville, Is Report.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 7:—According to a statement by Harry Bryan, a well known business man of Pollocksville, who was in Newbern attending to business matters, the farmers in and around Pollocksville and in fact all over Jones county are very optimistic over the present financial conditions in that section. Mr. Bryan stated that much tobacco was grown there this season and that the farmers have brought large quantities of this to the local market and disposed of it at good prices. For the past week cotton picking has been in progress there and the first bale will be placed on the market within a day or two.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Senator Fletcher, president of the Southern Commercial Congress, announced today the postponement of the sixth convention of the congress from November to next April, in view of the European war.

FIRE AT WILSON WIPES OUT $100,000 WORTH

Plant of Russell Shook and Lumber Co. Destroyed

Eight Freight Cars Loaded With Lumber Burned—Insurance Only $40,000—Plant Will be Rebuilt in Immediate Future.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., Sept. 7.—Fire destroyed the entire plant of the W. L. Russell Shook & Lumber Co., and with it nearly two million feet of lumber this afternoon. It is estimated that the total loss will be over $100,000 with insurance of $40,000. Eight freight cars loaded with lumber were burned before the railway company could move them and in addition several empty cars, all the property of the Norfolk Southern Railway.

The fire started in the filing room of the plant and before the engines could reach the plant the big buildings were wrapped in flames. Five dwellings near the plans were saved after some damage.

Officials of the company state that the plant will be rebuilt at once. They employed 225 men and were the only concern of the kind in this country running at this time. Engaged in the manufacture of boxes and crates. About one million feet of lumber was saved.

BRITISH VICE CONSUL RETURNS FROM ABROAD

(Continued From Page Five)

vestige of the wreck had disappeared, and now after forty-four years, it looked as if these hellish scenes were to be acted over again, almost in sight of the Peace Palace of The Hague!

"Our Wilmington automobile in which we travelled three thousand miles was hastily dispatched one hundred and fifty miles on the road to Havre, thence by steamer to Southampton, barely escaping military seizure, as horses and vehicles, especially motors, were being impressed for the war department and few were rejected.

"In our subsequent journeys through London, through England, Scotland and Wales, we were seldom out of sight of soldiers marching to the front. Even amidst the wild grandeur of the remote Highlands of Scotland we saw posted in the lonely glens, in the Gaelic language ,the king's stirring call to arms, to arms! We were told there that one out of every eight of all the men had already gone to the war. The walling martial music of the bag pipes was ever in our ears. At night while we slept, an endless procession of soldiers distressed and depressed us. We met on the road a column a mile long of Highlanders in their picturesque kilts and bare legs in close formation, quick step and swinging arms, and fifty pipers at their head playing the Marseillaise hymn. There was no cheering such as we heard in France, but a grim set expression which plainly said "We will do or die." Then followed regiment after regiment of the new soldiers—Territorials they are called—young men of nineteen to twenty-five. Along the roads their mothers, wives or sweethearts marched for miles in sight of their loved ones, with the same set faces, showing no emotion, but furtively wiping away the tears. Old gentlemen stood at attention as they passed, and reverently presented arms with their walking canes. It made us heart sick to see these noble young fellows going to destruction, for the invincible army of the Kaiser, like the sands of the seashore in numbers and trained to arms with overwhelming force, seemed to be gaining ground in almost every encounter upon hotly contested fields. What the end will be, who can tell.

"There is a singular unanimity of thought and action among the English speaking people. All sectional strife has ceased, and every heart and mind seemed to respond to the solemn declaration of the Premier, Mr. Asquith, in Parliament, on August 6, 1914. Said he, "I do not believe any nation ever entered into a great controversy, and this is one of the greatest history will ever know, with a clearer conscience an datronger and stronger conviction that it is fighting, not for aggression, not for the maintenance of its own selfish interest, but in defence of principles the maintenance of which is vital to the civilization of the world." There was a remarkable attitude of not only tolerance for the Germans in Great Britain. (There are it is officially stated still thirty thousand of them in the United Kingdom) but positive kindliness which a state of war would scarcely justify. It is also pleasing to know that our Wilmington friends in Germany are being treated with the kindest consideration. There was no apparent feeling of personal hostility in England towards aliens such as has been reported from the Continent of Europe, where many disgraceful scenes of mob violence were enacted.

"On several occasions we saw crowds of excited men running together, and we refused to proceed until it was explained that a new enlistment station had been opened, the others being thronged day and night with volunteers, and these men were running to get in the front line for examination.

"Everywhere we saw the usual devotion of the women of high and low degree knitting, knitting—in the cottage doorways, along the roads, in the railway trains, in the fashionable homes, contriving helmets and stockings against the coming cold, for the soldiers. It was not strange that the ladies of our party caught the feverish fancy to do something to mitigate the horrors of war. The sword that kills the father, husband, brother, will enter also the very souls of the loved ones at home, be they German, Frenchmen or Britons; and millions will lament for many years this fearful sacrifice to military glory.

"It seems to me well nigh impossible for the present neutral states to maintain their attitude of neutrality. The conflagration just begun must leap all bounds and make desolate every country in Europe before it is spent. Tomorrow Turkey, Italy, Greece, the Balkan States, Holland and Switzerland may become embroiled. While hoping for the best, we should not shut our eyes to the present state of Europe over which hangs the blackest cloud in human history."

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 7.—The steamer Isthmian, due here tomorrow, will take as part of her cargo to New York 700 tons of spruce wood pulp from British Columbia. This is the first pulp shipment from British Columbia to the Atlantic coast and is expected to be the forerunner of many years.

Mr. L. A. Blue, Jr., has gone to Chapel Hill to enter the University of North Carolina.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office. No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

FOR RENT IN DESIRABLE LOCATION No. 510 Market, 8 rooms; 211 Red Cross, 8 rooms; 223 South Second, 7 rooms; 520 Dock, 12 rooms; 121 South Seventh, 8 rooms; 219 South Fifth, 7 rooms; 11 North Seventh, 7 rooms; 424 South Fifth, 6 rooms; 419 Walnut, 7 rooms, and others. Apply at once. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se8-1t

HOTEL FOR RENT—NOS. 22 AND 24 North Front street. Now occupied by Southern Hotel. Possession given October 1st. For terms, apply to James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se8-2t

JUST RECEIVED — A FRESH LOAD of mules and horses from Kentucky, for hire or sale at a reasonable price. Kentucky Horse and Mule Co., 17th and Dock; 'Phone 610-J. se8-7t

FOUND—BUNCH OF KEYS ON NORTH Sixth street. Owner can get same at Star office by paying for this adv. se8-1t

FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED front room. Electric lights and bath. Reasonable. 212 Church st. se8-1t

FOR SALE — KLONDYKE STRAWBERRY plants. Well rooted, pure stock. Address Geo. T. Jones, Rocky Point, N. C. se8-1t*

FOR RENT — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, with bath and gas, upstairs; $10 per month. Apply 706 North Fifth street. se8-1t*

WANTED — BOARD AND ROOM IN family, with no other boarders. "Boarder," care Star. se8,10-2t*

WANTED — SMALL FURNISHED housekeeping apartment by couple with no children. "Rooms," care Star. se8,10-2t*

COUNTRY EGGS, 30c.; STAR HAMS, 23c.; breakfast bacon, 24c.; table butter, 3 pounds, $1; Snow White lard, 10 pounds, $1; Irish potatoes, 40c. peck. New's Extra Quality Vinegar, 10c.; large grown hens, 60 and 65 cents. 'Phone 1938. L. T. New. se8-1t

AGENTS WANTED WITH FARMERS' acquaintance. Here is a clean, wholesome money-making proposition. Write for particulars. P. O. Box 363, Savannah, Ga. se8-1t*

BUY YOUR BUTTER DIRECT FROM the creamery. Monthly capacity, 75,000 pounds. Looking for up-to-date retail grocers to handle Catawba Gem. Write us. Catawba Creamery Co., Hickory, N. C. se8,12-2t

MIXED CAR OF CABBAGE, APPLES and limes, just received. W. P. Oldham, 213 South Second street. Telephone 1507. se8-1t*

STRAYED — BROWN POINTER PUPPY, with dark tick spots (female), small white spot in forehead. Reward, if returned to 14 South Sixth street, and will be appreciated. Clarence Mills. se8-1t*

THE CAROLINA APARTMENT HOUSE gives luxury, comfort and convenience. It has pure artesian water, is well heated and well ventilated. It has two elevators, insuring continuous service, the apartments have privacy and seclusion. It is beautifully located on the top of a hill, at the intersection of two of Wilmington's widest and most beautiful streets. It's housekeeping apartments are equipped with gas range and kitchenette, with dumb waiter delivery. It's "non-housekeeping" apartments have a splendid and most reasonable price cafe in the building, operated for the convenience of all who do not want to cook. Here single meals or board by the week can be had at most reasonable rates. Every housekeeper suffers from unreliable help. The convenience of the Carolina kitchens or the cafe solves this problem. Every apartment has an extra locker in the basement. We have a few apartments not rented from October first. Prices of these are from $15 to $42.50 per month. For further information, see J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Renting Agents, 124 Princess street. se6-3t

OFFICE OF TWO ROOMS, SUITABLE for any uptown business. First floor the Carolina Apartment House. Apply J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. se6-4t

WANTED — TO SECURE LOAN OF five thousand dollars at 8 per cent. interest for five years. Secured by first mortgage on highly improved farm lands in South Carolina, worth three times the amount asked for. A bonus of one hundred dollars will be allowed. Address "Farmer," care Star. se6-5t

FOR RENT — 114 NUN STREET, NINE rooms, modern, in good order. Best residential section. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se5-tf

THE CAROLINA DINING ROOM — from October 1st—will be under my management. Every effort will be made to furnish high class table board at reasonable prices. Mrs. Geo. P. Cotchett, No. 2 Carolina Apartments. se3,6,9,13,16,20,23,27-8t

WE WILL TEACH YOU THE BARBER trade and all the arts of the trade, for $30. Terms, $15 down and $15 in ten days. Tools free. Guarantee you a position. Write us. Jacksonville Barber College, 822 W. Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla. se4,su,tu,th,f-5t*

NATIVE BEEF, NATIVE BEEF, NAtive beef; Native lamb, native lamb; native lamb. Nice lettuce and celery. All kinds of early fresh vegetables. Ice cold watermelons. Quick delivery. Palace Market, 108 So. Front street. 'Phone 72. se5-tf

FOR SALE OR HIRE — GASOLINE tug boat, with twenty-five horsepower Globe engine. Well equipped. Address Capt. Matt Taylor, Jacksonville, N. C. se5-8t*

FOR RENT — AN APARTMENT, 108 North Fourth street, five rooms and bath; partly furnished, if desired. Large back yard. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se5-tf

FOR RENT —S. W. CORNER SECOND and Red Cross, No. 120. Eight rooms, modern, in perfect order. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se4-tf

FOR RENT — FLAT, 110 MARKET street, modern, in perfect order. Four rooms and bath. Also upper flat, in same building, in perfect condition. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se4-tf

FOR RENT—114 GRACE, A MODERN 8-room house in order. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se4-tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO HAVE YOUR wall paper cleaned, instead of buying new. I clean wall paper and painted work in any part of the city. Charges reasonable. Write or call. Zeph McLaughlin, 709 South 12th st. se3-7t*

FOR RENT—COUPLE OF NICELY furnished rooms. Modern conveniences. One block from postoffice. Phone 773, 216 N. Second street. au30-tf.

FOR RENT — APARTMENT IN CAPE Fear. Heat, water and janitor service included in rental. Best location in city. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au28-tf

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au23-tf

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 643, or call No. 6, South Front St. au13-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES REpaired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co., has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. jy23-tf

JUST RECEIVED — A FRESH STOCK of all kinds Delicatessen Meat, Cheese, Smoked Salmon, Smoked White Fish, Smoked Chabak, genuine black Pumpernickel bread, etc. Come and look around and get hungry, at May Bros.' Delicatessen, 130 Market st., 'Phone 1322. se3-6t

DR. J. W. POWELL WISHES TO ANnounce the removal of his dental offices to the new Murchison Bank building, where he will be pleased to have his friends call. Second floor. se1-30t

SCHOOL BOOKS
—and—
SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

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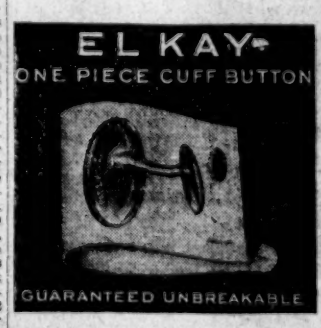

Geo. W. Huggins
JEWELER
105 Market Street.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.
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